The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,491—New Series. BOMBAY :—MONDAY, APRIL 21. 1879.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

THE Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow:—

To Subscribers in Bombay —*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
For Annum	Rs. 48	For Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	25	Half-yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
Monthly	5	Monthly	6

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

THE following steamers are intended to be DESPATCHED once every four weeks from KURRACHEE to LONDON, calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Algiers, and at Lisbon once a month :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Date.
JAVA	1465	200	J. Pratt	8th May 1879.

Cargo and Passengers are booked here for the abovenamed places, also for East African ports for shipment hence by the Kurrachee steamers which leave Bombay on dates to correspond with the dates of sailing from Kurrachee.

For freight and passage apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the S. S. CHANDA, 2,261 Tons, 221 H. P., Commander C. M. H. Day, on SATURDAY, the 26th April 1879, at 2 p.m., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Nagapatam, Pondicherry, Porto Novo, Chellapatam, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Mindapatam, Gopalpore, False Point and at any other place where inducement offers.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, via KURRACHEE,

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, will despatch the S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander J. Smith, on THURSDAY, the 24th April, 1879, at 4 p.m., to the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, BOUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BAHREIN, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSSRA, and occasionally at MAHOMERAH.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

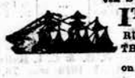
THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, will despatch Steamers to Kurrachee every THURSDAY at 4 p.m., and every MONDAY at 10 a.m.

The S. S. AKOLA, 578 Tons, 1 O H. P., Commander J. W. Stewart, on MONDAY, the 21st April 1879, at 10 a. m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie, both ways.

The S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander J. Smith, will be despatched on THURSDAY, the 24th April 1879, at 4 p.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY via SUEZ CANAL.



ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA AND BOMBAY on the 24th, and on the 1st of each Month,

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY,

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 80	Including Wines.
Suez	260	170	90	
Port Said	280	240	90	
Messina	500	340	140	
Naples	500	340	140	
Leghorn	500	340	140	
Genoa	500	340	140	
Marseilles	530	350	145	
	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	Without food.
Suez	260	170	60	
Port Said	280	240	60	
Messina	500	340	140	
Naples	500	340	140	
Leghorn	500	340	140	
Genoa	500	340	140	
Marseilles	530	350	145	

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Bookbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY :—

ASSIRIA, to sail on THURSDAY, 1st May 1879.
MANILLA, to sail on SATURDAY, 10th May 1879.
AUSTRALIA, to sail on SUNDAY, 1st June 1879.
BENGAL (GENOA) to sail on TUESDAY, 1st July, 1879.

Passengers and Cargo are now booked for

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 A. M. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, Jan., 1879.

RUBATTINO STEAM NAVIGATION CO. EXTRA STEAMER to SUEZ, PORT SAID, NAPLES and GENOA.

THE Company's New and splendid Steamer MANILLA, of 5,000 Tons carrying capacity, will sail WITHOUT FAIL on the 10th May 1879.

For Freight and Passages apply to

C. GRONDONA, Agent.

"HALL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

S. S. CITY OF BALTIMORE,
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL,
TO SAIL SOON INSTANT.

IT has now been arranged that this favorite steamer will sail from BOMBAY (instead of Kurrachee) on the 30th instant.

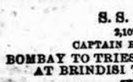
For passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

ANCHOR LINE OF STEAMERS.

S. S. TRINACRIA,
2,107 Tons, 424 H.P.,
CAPTAIN ROBERT HUTCHINSON.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE AND VENICE, CALLING AT BRINDISI TO LAND PASSENGERS.



THIS Steamer will sail as above on the 3rd May positively.

Passage Money to Brindisi ...Rs. 450
Do. Trieste and Venice..... „ 500

For passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMER.

S. S. RYDAL HALL.
2,700 Tons, 400 H. P.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

THIS Steamer will sail as above on the 17th May. Her Saloon and State Rooms are all on Deck. For passage or further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

STEAM TO RANGOON.

MR. DAVID MacIVER'S Fine Steamer THESSALY will sail as above on the 24th instant. She has good accommodation on Deck for a limited number of First Class Passengers.

For Freight and Passage apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 17th April 1879.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL *VIA* SUEZ CANAL.

To sail about the end of April.

THE Fine Screw Steamer CELLA, 1,864 Tons, Commander W. Holmes.

This Steamer has excellent accommodation for a limited number of Passengers. Apply to

BENN, ASHLEY & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, 18th April 1879. Agents.

NOTICE.—ANCHOR LINE, INDIAN SERVICE.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per S.S. TRINACRIA, are hereby informed of the Steamer's ARRIVAL from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and are requested to present their BILLS of LADING and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS without delay.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

THE MOST AGREEABLE PAPER FOR POSTAL CORRESPONDENCE IS DE LA RUE & Co.'s EXTRA SUPERFINE WATER-LINED NOTE PAPER.

Price, per Packet of 5 quires.

With OBLONG Envelopes. Cash Rs. 2-6; Credit, Rs. 2-12.
With SQUARE Envelopes. Cash, Rs. 2-10; Credit Rs. 3-0.

EVERY ONE CAN USE IT,
AND ALL WHO DO ARE PLEASED WITH IT.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1879
(e) BOKHARA	2982	450	J. Orman	31st April.
BANGALORE	2068	500	C. Fraser	25th do.
(e) INDUS	3470	600	S. D. Shallard.	6th May
THIBET	2603	400	J. H. Torbock	12th do.
(e) SURAT	3141	550	W. E. Breese	19th do.
KHIVA	2609	450	G. Lee	26th do.
(e) NILAM	2726	450	A. E. Barlow	30th do.
VENETIA	2726	450	C. G. Perrins	6th June.
(e) GWALIOR	2726	450	J. C. Babot	13th do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (e) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 2 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 17th April 1879. Superintendent.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
EAMBESI	3421	370	A. Symons	26th April 1879.
TEHERAN	3289	400	A. H. Johnson	12th May.
KHEDIVE	3742	600	J. D. Steward	26th May.
MALWA	3923	450	F. S. Tomlin	9th June.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 8 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 17th April 1879. Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
ASSAM	3085	500	N. Stewart	26th April.
TANJORE	2268	440	W. W. Fentiman	23rd May.
SIAM	3614	500	G. M. Hector	20th June.
ASSAM	3085	500	N. Stewart	18th July.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 2 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 17th April 1879. Superintendent.

INDIAN TEA EMPORIUM.

THE FIRST AND THE OLDEST.

SELECTION,—From TEAS of more than a dozen CHOICEST AND BEST PLANTATIONS.

MORTON & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS OF HOLTA TEA CO.
24, CHURCH GATE STREET,
Opposite to the *Times of India*.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE DESSERT TABLE.
JUST RECEIVED,
FINEST MUSCATEL RAISINS,
in handsome boxes,
at, each, Cash Re. 1-12.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
WHOLESALE CHEMISTS
AND
MANUFACTURERS.

(Prize Medal, 1873.)
Price List, Wholesale and General, furnished on receipt of card.

SASSOON HOUSE, 17, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

D. S. KEMP & CO.'S
MEAT EXTRACTS.

THE only preparations fit for Invalids; incomparably superior to the commercial Liebig's Extracts, guaranteed perfectly pure and made from carefully selected material. With the addition of a little bread or vegetable seasoning, and, if desired, fat, they form most delicious soups.

LIEBIG'S NUTRITIVE EXTRACT.—A liquid extract of the finest meat. Bottles Re. 1, Rs. 2, and	Rs. 3 8
EXTRACT OF MUTTON.—Quarter pound jars	„ 3 0
EXTRACT OF CHICKEN.—(Borne by patients who can take nothing else) jars	„ 2 8

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

MOFUSSIL CONSTITUENTS,
IN QUEST OF ARTICLES
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION,
SHOULD APPLY FOR A COPY
OF
TREACHER & COMPANY'S
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE
OF
JWELLERY,
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
AND
HALL MARKED SILVER GOODS,
Which will be sent free upon application.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO.'S
CONCENTRATED COMPOUND
FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

PREPARED with the very best materials and with the greatest care, so as to obtain the full medicinal properties of each of the articles of which it is composed.

This preparation of the *finest Jamaica root* is decidedly preferable to any other form in which Sarsaparilla can be administered, on account of its portability and superior efficacy.

It contains the whole active and medicinal properties of the root in the highest state of concentration, combined with the ingredients of the compound decoction ordered in the British Pharmacopœia, the beneficial effects of which, as an alterative and restorative, have been universally admitted and established by the sanction and recommendation of the most eminent practitioners of the present day.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per bottle ...Rs.	2-0	2-4
„ double size.... „	3-8	4-0

SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA

D. S. KEMP & CO.'S
SUMMER EFFERVESCENT AND PURIFYING SALINE.

A SOVEREIGN remedy for Headache, Biliousness, Sea-sickness, Boils, Skin Eruptions, Gastric Disorders, and Impurities of the Blood as well as in Fever. Is a safe but efficient Aperient, counteracts the vitiating effects of a tropical climate, and quickens the functions generally. An experience of twenty-five years has established the great value of this Saline as a domestic remedy, not excelled by any imported preparation of a similar nature whatever, and it is now offered as better adapted to this climate than any article hitherto introduced.

PER BOTTLE Re. 1-4.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY

THE BROACH MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, AT BROACH.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the above MILLS, situated at Broach, WILL BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION at an early date, if not previously disposed of by private offer.

Full particulars as to Building, Machinery, &c., will be published, and can also be seen hereafter at the Offices of the Company.

F. R. VICAJEE,
EDULJEE NUSSERWANJEE SETTNA,
JAMES MOORE,
Liquidators Broach Mills Company, Limited (in Liquidation.)
Bombay, No. 5, Hornby Row, 3rd April 1879.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILSON'S
GREAT WORLD CIRCUS.

SEASON DRAWING TO A CLOSE.

LAST NIGHTS!!! LAST NIGHTS!!!

NOVELTIES!!! NOVELTIES!!!

THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, APRIL 21.

THE unbounded applause which welcomed the novelties introduced last Saturday night urges upon us to repeat the programme to-night.

COME AND SEE
LA PETITE ADELE
AND
MR. JAMES LEE
IN
LA POSE D'ACADEMIE.

COME AND SEE
THE FOXHUNTERS' ENTREE.

COME AND SEE
THE LEAP FOR LIFE.

COME AND SEE
KING OETEWAYO.

COME AND SEE
YOUNG DAN CASTELLO GREGORY.

THESE NOVELTIES FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

DO NOT LOSE THE OPPORTUNITY AFFORDED OF WITNESSING THEM.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PAY A VISIT TO THOSE wonderful curiosities and works of our Creator in the
FAMILY OF GORILLAS.
SOMETHING NEW UNDER THE SUN.
THE SHOOTING GALLERY
is now open from 7 A. M. to 12 P. M.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
S.S. WISTOW HALL,
2,674 Tons, 400 H. P.
CAPTAIN T. COLLIN.

THIS Steamer will be despatched on or about the 6th June. Her Saloon and Cabins are all on Deck.

For Passage, &c., apply to Messrs. KING, KING & Co.

EDWARD BATES & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 19th April 1879.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Italian Mail Steamer ASSIRIA, Captain Rocco, ARRIVED in harbour on the 18th instant, are hereby requested to SEND BILLS of LADING for consignments, and PAY FREIGHTS (if any) and apply for DELIVERY ORDERS at the Company's Office, No. 2, Hummum Street, without delay.

Alkalains for short delivery, &c., must be sent in before the departure of the steamer, otherwise they will not be admitted under any circumstances.

C. GRONDONA,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company.

YANG-ISZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

NOTICE.

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS of the YANG-TSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI and are prepared to ACCEPT MARINE RISKS at usual rates.

W. M. MACAULAY & Co.

Bombay, 19th April 1879.

SALE OF WRECK NEAR GALLE HARBOUR.

THE WRECK of the Steamer AMBOTO, beached at Watering Point, near Galle Harbour, will be SOLD by Lloyd's agents, as she lies, by PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, the 6th May next.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Bombay, 19th April 1879. Lloyd's Agents.

CHINA AND JAPAN DEPOSITORY.

JUST RECEIVED per China Mail Steamer, a very large and handsome stock of CHINA PORCELAIN and JAPAN KROO, SAUSOOMA, KAGA, and SIPOEKI inlaid curiosities; also very neat and rich Bronze articles suitable for bracket ornaments as well as Dry Ginger in chrystallised Sugar.

PESTONJEE COWASJEE KHARAS.

HYDERABAD RACES, 1879.

THE above RACES will be RUN OFF on the Chudderghaut Race Course on or about November 12th.

The Prospectus, to be shortly issued, will be very similar to that of last year.

All communications to be addressed for the present to the undersigned.

MAURICE H. WILKINSON,
Honorary Secretary, *Pro. Tem.*
Hyderabad Races, 1879.
Chudderghaut, 17th April 1879.

NOTICE TO ENGINE-DRIVERS AND BRAKESMEN.

WANTED, the services of TWO CERTIFICATED DRIVERS and TWO BRAKESMEN for working Steam Road Rollers at Poona for a period of four months, commencing from 1st of June 1879.

Monthly salary from Rs. 40 to Rs. 60 for a Driver.
Do. Rs. 15 for a Brakesman.

Apply in person with Testimonials to the undersigned.

G. DAVIDSON, Lieut., R.E.,
Acting Executive Engineer, Poona and Kirkee.
Poona, 18th April 1879.

FOR SALE,

AN English-built MAIL PHAETON with a pair of Grey Australian HORSES and a set of Silver-Mounted HARNESS, the property of a gentlemen proceeding to England. Reasonable offer will not be refused to effect a quick sale.

An English-built VILLAGE CART by Rock and Sons, of Hastings, with a Grey Pony and Brass Mounted Harness, the property of a gentleman having no further use for it. Price Rs. 350.

INFORMATION regarding the SALE or PURCHASE of CARRIAGES and HORSES can be obtained on applying to the undersigned at their establishment in Girgaum.

JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE—Best known Remedy for Indigestion, Liver Complaints, and all Functional Derangements.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE is extensively used in the Army and Navy, and highly recommended by the Medical Faculty.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE—Only Reliable Remedy for Nervousness, Nervous Debility, Lassitude, Loss of Power, Depression, Female Complaints, Pimples, Premature Decline, etc.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE—Beware of a worthless and Injurious Imitation of Dr. Bright's (The Only Genuine) Phosphodyne.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE is Sold by All Medicine Vendors Throughout the Globe.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that PURDASEE SUMADHAN SOBHA has contracted to SELL to the undersigned his right, title, and interest in the southern side moiety of the piece or parcel of Land or Ground situate without the Fort of Bombay, at New Foras Road, registered in 1 & 2 books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 263, standing in the name of one Magdalena Guildhame de Souza, and bounded as follows :—on or towards the east by the ground of Narayen Dhurmcherjee Framjee, on the west by the said New Foras Road, on the north by the property of the said Sumadhan Sobha, Purdasee, and on the south by the ground of Narayen Dhurmcherjee. All persons having claims upon the abovementioned land either by way of inheritance, mortgage, transfer, assignment, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known to us at our house, No. 6, 3rd Bhoowada, by Registered Letter, within 14 days from the date hereof, after which the sale will be completed without regard to any such claims.—Dated this 19th day of April 1879.

SHA CASIDASS RAMDASS,
SHA TAPIDASS GANDASS,
Purchasers.

THE UNITED SERVICE WINE COMPANY.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.
Reduced Price List of Wine, &c.
BORDEAUX WINES.
(Red and White.)

	Per Doz. Pts.	Qts.
	Rs.	Rs. a.
Medoc. Superior	7 0	12 0
St Estephe [fine flavour and bouquet]		14 0
Pantillac [full body]		14 12
St. Julien [soft and delicate]		16 4
Margaux [exquisite bouquet]		20 4
Chateau Marquis de Terme [classed choice growth]		24 0
Haut Sauternes [very rich and fine]		20 0
Chateau d'Yquem, the renowned unique premier Cru with Marquis de Lur Saluce's etiquette and vintage date 1872 on bottle, and Crest on Cork and Capsule. Good year.		36 0
Lalande's Monopoly, Creme de tete		

AUSTRALIAN WINES.
(*Price Medal, Vienna, 1873, &c.*)
All of Burgundy character,

	Rs. a.
Auldana Ruby, old full body	12 8
Do. do. very old	15 0
Do. White, do.	16 0

BURGUNDY WINES.
(Still and Sparkling.)

	Per doz. Qts.	Rs. a.
Beaujolais		16 8
Fleurie		18 0
Beaune		19 8
Savigny Beaune		23 8
Pommard		26 8
Pommard, very old		30 8
Volnay, old vintage		38 0
Chambertin		48 0
Clos de Vougeot [the elite of Burgundies]		48 0
RED SPARKLING BURGUNDY [for Invalids]		36 0
St. Hubert du Chateau Sparkling		34 0
White Sparkling St. Peray		34 0
Do. Volnay		38 0

ITALIAN WINES.
From the Enological Society of Naples.
(Red and White.)

	Rs. a.
Vino, Irpino, Red	12 8
do. Serino do	14 0
do. Vesuvio do	16 4
do. Capri Bianco, White	17 8
do. „ Rosso, Red	16 8
Lagrima Cristi, Red	19 12
Do. White	23 8
Pompea Bianco, White	24 0

PARIS EXHIBITION, 1878.

GEORGE CHEAVIN'S GOLD PRIZE MEDAL
SELF-CLEANING RAPID WATER FILTERS.

THE manufacturer has had the distinguished honour to receive an order from the

ROYAL COMMISSION

to fit his filters up in the offices of the Exhibition. Subjoined is an extract.

Royal Commission of the Paris Exhibition,
Canada Buildings, Westminster, London S. W.

SIR,—I have the pleasure to inform you that the filters you have supplied to the Royal Commission in Paris have been found

ALL THAT COULD BE DESIRED,

and the Royal Commission leave entirely in your hands the choice of design and colour of the remaining 12 on order.....

(Signed) P. CUNLIFFE OWEN, Secretary.

CHEAVIN'S FILTERS ARE IN USE BY OVER

6,200 PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, AND CHEMISTS.

They purify with astonishing rapidity *the most offensive waters, effectually removing* Lead, Lime, Iron, Sewage, Organic, Mineral and Saline Impurities *from solution, and excel all other Filters in Mechanical and Chemical action, Rapidity of Process, Simplicity of Construction, Durability and Efficiency, and are highly recommended.*

DOMESTIC FILTERS in Cream-coloured Stoneware fitted with Silver-plated Tap and India-Rubber washer complete.

Size.....	1	1½	2½	3½	5	gallons.
Cash ..	Rs. 11-0	Rs. 15-0	Rs. 20-0	Rs. 27-0	Rs. 34-0	each.
Credit ...	„ 12-8	„ 17-0	„ 22-8	„ 30-0	„ 38-0	„

ORNAMENTAL DINING-ROOM FILTERS in Ironstone China, richly decorated and very handsome.

1½ gallons capacity. Cash Rs. 40-0; Credit Rs. 45-0.

REFRIGERATOR FILTERS, in Terra-Cotta ware, which act with remarkable power as coolers, keeping the water deliciously cool.

Each Cash Rs. 40-0; Credit Rs. 45-0.

Descriptive pamphlets can be had on application.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

MIRRORS, DESPATCH BOXES, AND JEWEL CASES.

THE NEW TRAVELLING TRIPLE MIRROR.

This new and very convenient form of Mirror is sure to become a general favourite. As the figure is reflected in it FIVE times, a Lady is by its aid enabled to see herself perfectly, and without changing her position at all. It is made in a variety of neat style, and forms a pretty ornament to a room. When the Mirror is folded it is less than an inch in thickness. The small space that it occupies, and the safety with which it can be packed, will specially commend it for use in Camp.

1.—Plain Ebony	...	Rs. 24 0
2.—Ebony, Silk Back	...	„ 37 0
Medium Size—11¼ inches square.		
1.—Plain Ebony	...	Rs. 27 12
2.—Polished Bamboo	...	„ 30 0
3.—Ebony, Silk Back	...	„ 40 0
Large size—13 inches square.		
1.—Plain Ebony	...	Rs. 30 0
2.—Polished Bamboo	...	„ 35 0
3.—Ebony, Silk Back	...	„ 45 0
Plain Ebony, Silk Back, size 15½ in. by 14 in	...	„ 65 0
Ebony, Gilt Ornamented Beadings, size 28 in. by 16½ in.	...	„ 150 0
Polished Bamboo, on Stand, with Drawer, size 17 in. by 14 in	...	„ 80 0
The "Psyche" Glass, Polished Bamboo, on Portable Stand, size 17 in. by 14 in	...	„ 75 0
The "Army and Navy" Despatch Box with three folds fitted with stationery, Cutlery, &c, as above in best Russia lined with morocco and with Mordan's patent spring locks size 15½ by 11 by 7. Rs. 90.		
Cheaper cases in stock from 15 to 75.		

THE "TREASURY."

A 12 inch Morocco desk, with 3 folds, containing a spacious secret compartment for jewellery, &c., lined with green velvet, space for stationery with Blotting pad, Ink, cut Match Box and Tablet. The above is of the best description and lined with polished Mahogany. Price Rs. 90.

THE "ALLIANCE" DESPATCH BOX AND WRITING DESK.

Having three folds or openings, presenting a most convenient Slope for writing, and allowing a large space for documents, with the following Fittings :—Cash Book and Journal, Blotting Book, two Patent Inkstands, a supply of Paper, cut Match Box, Ivory Rule, Paper Knife, Eraser, Penknife, Scissors, Silver Pencil, and Penholder.

Size, best grained Russia, lined with Morocco, fitted with Mordan's Patent Spring Lock. Size, 15½ by 11 by 6¼ inches Rs. 150.

JEWEL CASES.

French Morocco, gilt sunk handle and Tray to hold Watch Rings, &c., velvet-lined, with lock, size 7 by 4½ in, by 3½. Rs. 12

Ditto ditto, size 9 in. by 6 in. by 3½ in. Rs. 18.

Ditto ditto, size 10 in. by 8½ in. by 4 in. Rs. 27.

French Morocco, gilt sunk handle, rounded top, two trays, and lid falling back and forming a third tray, size 9 in. by 7 in. by 4 in. Rs. 20.

Ditto ditto, size 10 in. by 7 in. by 4 in. Rs. 30.

Best Russia leather jewel case 12 in. by 8½ in. with patent Bramah lock, containing 2 Trays, lined with velvet and green silk. Price Rs. 60.

THE COMBINED CASH, JEWEL AND WRITING CASE.

In this newly Registered Case a variety of uses are found within a small compass. Within a twelve-inch Case will be found a full supply of Stationery, compartments containing Cutlery, &c., a well-lined Tray for Jewellery, three Velvet lined Drawers for Cash and Papers, a Pen-tray and Inkstand, a Pocket Memorandum Book, and a Blotting Book. In best quality Persian leather. Rs. 45.

Jewel Cases, from Rs. 6 to Rs. 120.

S. ROSE & CO., 9, Rampart Row, Bombay.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

BY LAND OR SEA.

BADHAM, PILE AND COMPANY

Beg to Draw the attention of Travellers and others to their

CELEBRATED TRAVELLING KIT READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

The prices quoted below are for Cash only.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Deck Suits	10 to 15 8	Travelling Hats	4 8	Tooth Brush Guards	0 12
Overland Suits	27 0	Cardigan Jackets	9-8 to 12 8	Do. Brushes	0 12
Warm Suits	30 to 40 0	Sheets, per pair	9 8	Nail Do	0 12
Boys' Sailor Suits	9 8	Pillow Cases, each	1-4 to 2 8	Hair Brushes and Combs	
Overcoats and Ulsters		Blankets	each 10 8	in Pigskin case	9-8 to 12 8
from	35 to 65 0	Long Rugs or Scotch		Razors, Ivory Handles	3 2
Dressing Gowns from	9 to 20 0	Meadow	10 to 10 8	Do. Strops	3-8 to 4 0
Pyjamas	8 0	Rexsia or Quilts	5 8	Nail Scissers	1-8 to 1 8
Oxford Shirts, Collar attached	6 0	Ladies' Wool Shawls	22 0	Briar Root Pipes	1 8
White do.	5 0	Portmanteaus Overland	8 12	Leather Pouches	1 8
French Cambric do., Collar attached	5 0	Do. Trunks	12-8 to 23 0	Champagne Taps	8 8
English Cambric do	4 0	Solid Leather do	49 0	Pocket Knives	1 8
Best Shrunk Flannel do	8 0	Extra Large do	75 0	Marine Soap, 4 cakes for	1 0
Silk and Wool do	8 8	Black Hide Bags	11	Shaving do Stick	1 0
Spun Silk do	10 0	Extra large do	24 0	Lloyd's Exzesis	1 4
Gents' Under Vests 8 to	6 0	Children's Bags	8 8	Oriental Tooth Paste	1 8
Bathing Drawers	2 0	Ladies' Hand Bags	7 8	Fragrant Florelline	1 8
Gents' Under Pants 4 to	8 0	Travelling Writing Cases		Luggage Labels, per doz.	0 12
Gents' Cotton Socks, do	8 8	fitted	11 4	Lloyd's Life-Saving apparatus	12 8
Warm do	15 8	Gents' Bags, fitted complete	72 0	Overland Chairs best Beach	6-8 to 13 8
Ladies Under Vests 4-8 to	6 8	Ladies' Carriage Bags, fitted complete	58 8	Ladies' Sunshades	6 8
Ladie White Cotton Hose doz	13 8	Gents' Dressing Cases	11 8	Ladies' White Cotton	5 8
Ladies' Heather Merino Hose doz	9 0	Ladies' Dressing Cases, complete	25 to 30 0	Genuine Umbrellas	5 8
Children's White Cotton Socks, from doz. 6-4 to	12 8	Solled Linen Bags, all sizes	5 to 6 0	Double Iron Bedstead. 7ft. 6in	95 0
Heather Merino do. 6-8 to	12 8	Covered Wicker, from	14 0	Single Iron Bedstead. 6ft. 6in	75 0
Ladies' Sun and Travelling Hats, from	6 to 15 0	Courier Bags	9-8 to 12 8	Pocket Filters	3 8
Travelling Caps	4 8	Money Belts	2-8 to 6 8	Portable Washstands	32 8
Travelling Caps	Seal-skin Caps 6-8 to 8 8	Sovereign Boxes	3-8 to 4 0	Travelling Canteens	31 0
Dress Boots and Shoes from	12 8	Tiffin Baskets fitted	16 to 22 8	Chubb's Despatch Boxes Fitted	63 0
		Air Pillows	5 0	Chubb's Cash Boxes	20 to 30 6
		Travelling	1 8	Silber's Patent Lamps	
		Aromatic Vinegar per bot	2 8	7-8 to	35 0
		Helmet Cases	7 12	Hat Guard	0 8
		Sawmy Jewellery, &c., &c.		Portable Ink Stand	1 8
		English horse hair pillows	7 8		
		Folding Camp Bedstead	60 0		
		Cork Mattrasses	23 8		
		Cotton do	15 0		
		Rug Straps	1-8 to 2 8		
		Waterproof Coats	10 0		
		60-Inch Drab Twill Waterproof Sheeting	6 0		
		42-Inch White Waterproof	4 8		
		Linen Fa

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY EVENING, 19TH APRIL 1879.

WITH a continuance of encouraging advices from Liverpool we have had another week of great activity in Cotton, and the figures have at last begun to show some signs of diminishing the deficiency as compared with last year, the receipts for the week being upwards of 15,000 bales more than the corresponding week last year, whilst the discrepancy in the clearances has been diminished by 18,000 bales, leaving us only 160,000 bales behind the corresponding period of last season. Cotton, however, is the only article of export which makes the least sign of activity, Linseed and Rapeseed being only available as yet in comparatively small quantities, whilst Wheat has, for months past, quite disappeared from our list of Exports, nor, with the low prices ruling at Home, and the great scarcity which undoubtedly still prevails throughout the greater portion of Western India, is it likely to resume its place there until we have a good harvest of Cereals generally. Such a state of things in Exports naturally bespeaks great dulness in Freights and Exchange. Engagements have been made during the week for Liverpool by steamer at 17s. 6d. per ton, whilst iron sailing vessels have been loading for the same destination at 20s. per ton, a state of depression we have never seen equalled at this time of year; and where Exchange might have been but for Government intervention it is difficult to say, when with Council Drafts restricted to about one half of their ordinary dimensions, and a 10 million sterling loan in the back ground, we have Demand Bank Bills at 1s. 7¼d. per rupee at the busiest time of the year. Imports, although steady, are not active, but the most hopeful feature in connection with them is the healthier character of the business doing. There is a marked absence of that reckless style of importing, which used to be so noticeable a feature, and although the extent of the trade is necessarily limited by the impoverished state of a great number of the population, it is proportionately more profitable for those engaged in it.

A somewhat uneasy feeling was created here for a couple of days by the announcement last mail day of the suspension of Messrs. Finlay, Scott & Co. and their corresponding house Messrs. Finlay & Co., of Kurrachee. The liabilities, however, proved to be comparatively small, being only put at about 3 lacs unsecured, and about 5 lacs in Bills afloat with the Exchange Banks covered by produce, and on this becoming known confidence was considerably strengthened, although there is still a less comfortable feeling than could be wished. The favourable reports received by wire from London of the shareholders' Meetings of the Oriental and Chartered Mercantile Banks have also to some extent assisted in restoring confidence, but the adverse feeling engendered by the first publication of the losses incurred by these institutions was more amongst the outside public than strictly commercial circles.

MONEY.—The last published return of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending on 12th instant showed a reduction in the Cash Balances of about 23 lacs, but as this was mainly the result of Government withdrawals, the liabilities were diminished in like proportion leaving the position of the Bank practically unaltered. No change has been made during the week in the Bank's rates of discount and interest which still stand at 9 per cent. for demand and 8 per cent. on fixed loans secured by Government Paper, and should advances be forced on the directors during the next fortnight, we may expect to see through the season without higher rates, as within that time trade requirements will probably be as heavy as they are likely to be, whilst afterwards large supplies of Silver will begin to be available, the amount fallen for this port at present from Southampton alone being £720,000.

EXCHANGE.—The transactions in Sterling for this Mail have been comparatively small for the time of year, nor have rates undergone much change. Business opened on Tuesday on the basis of 1s. 7 3-16d. for Demand Bank Drafts and 1s. 7 9-16d. for 3 months sight Credits, and in the absence of news from Home no fluctuation occurred until Thursday morning, when advice of the 25 lacs of Council Drafts having been allotted at an average of 1s. 7 13-32d. whilst 1s. 7 11-16d. received on 4 per cent., induced a weaker feeling with a decline of 1-16d. in Bank and 3-32d. to ¼d. in Private Paper. On Friday a slightly steadier feeling was apparent, with a partial recovery of 1-32d., and on Saturday with news of Bar Silver in London having recovered from 49⅜ to 49 11-16 per oz., rates were again a shade firmer, making the closing quotations:—Bank Bills on demand 1s. 7¼d.; 6 months' sight 1s. 7 9-16d.; Credits, 3 months' 1s. 7 15-32d.; 6 months' 1s. 7 21-32d.; Documents, 3 months' 1s. 7¼d.; 6 months' 1s. 7 11-16d. per Rupee. At this level, or the present, and the more immediate future, the tendency is towards steadiness and possibly slightly higher figures, but for further forward the bank at all events is evidently believers in lower rates, as they are much more willing to buy them well beyond the current month, whilst for later delivery they do not name a drawing rate. Judging merely from the influence which bank is likely to exercise, there is everything in favour of lower Exchange as soon as the export season draws towards a close; in fact, without Government interference it is probable we should see a greater depreciation in the exchangeable value of the Rupee this monsoon, than we have done during the years 1876. But there seems almost a certainty that the Bill empowering Government to bring out a 10 million sterling loan will become law immediately after the reassembling of Parliament, and the use made of it will probably be to restrict Council Drafts to such an extent as will make an average of 1s. 7d. per rupee obtainable for financial year. Whether Government will be exercising a wise discretion in adopting this temporary measure, depends entirely on the nature of the intended action afterwards. What that may be it is difficult at the moment to say, but that something will come out of the present agitation and Government enquiry at Home seems more than probable.

Gold, during the week has declined from Rs 19-11 to Rs. 19-10 per tola, the only business we have heard of for export having been done at Rs. 19-10-6.

On Calcutta rates remain unchanged at ⅛ to 3-16 per cent. premium for demand, 1⅛ per cent. discount for 60 days' sight.

On China there is nothing whatever doing, and our quotation of Rs. 216 for 100 dollars for 60 days' sight Mercantile Bills is purely nominal. From Honkong the latest quotation we have by wire for 6 months sight Bank Bills on London is 3s. 7¼d. per dollar and from Shanghai 5s. per tael.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.—Only a very small business has been transacted of late and rates remain quiet and unaltered at Rs. 99½ for Fours, and Rs. 97½ for Fours-and-a-half. We are now, however, only three weeks off the date for receiving tenders for the new 5 crore loan, and in all probability we shall see extreme dulness in the interval.

SHARES.—The Market has been dull in the extreme, no real business of importance has been done, and prices where altered have gone uniformly in favour of buyers. In *Bank* shares the movements have been confined to Bank of Bombay which declined 2½ per cent. in the early part of the week during the uneasiness caused by Messrs. Finlay, Scott and Co.'s failure, but since then half of the fall has been recovered, the closing quotation being Rs. 5562. Agras remain steady at Rs. 130, Nationals at Rs. 104. In *Land* companies we notice a decline of Rs. 15 in Colabas and Rs. 5 in Port Canninges. In *Press* shares we note a fall of Rs. 13 in Albert Co., of Kurrachee and Berars, and Rs. 10 in French Press. *Spinning and Weaving* Mill shares are steadily losing favour under the combined influence of dear Cotton, and the prospect of increased competition from Home. The result of the week's movements is a decline of Rs. 100 in Madras Spinning, Rs. 50 in Talbot Mills, Rs. 40 in Great Eastern, Rs. 30 in Bombay United, Cooria, and Manockjee Petit, Rs. 25 in Dhurumsey, Madras United, Sassoon, and Sholapore, Rs. 20 in Central India, Hindustan, and Morarjee Gooculdass, Rs. 15 in Jewraz Balloo and Oriental, and Rs. 10 per share in Soonabai Muncherjee.

PIECE GOODS.—The character of the Market since the departure of last Mail has been pretty much the same as the previous week. There has been a fairly good demand apparent, and at previous prices a large business would have resulted, but operations have been materially restricted by the higher rates demanded by sellers owing to the rise in Manchester. As it is the clearances from the Bazaar are estimated at about 2,000 packages, although from first hands there has been very little done, and the indent business doing has not been large. Supplies continue moderate, and the accounts from Calcutta are more encouraging, so that continued firmness in Manchester can scarcely fail to produce a similar effect here.

Of *Grey Goods* the clearances continue to be mainly made up of 39 inch shirtings. Of these 7lb. and 8¼ lb. have met a good enquiry, and if there is any change in prices at all, it is in favour of sellers. For other weights and widths the demand is moderate and prices unaltered. For Madapollams there is some enquiry at former quotations and Printers are quiet and unchanged. T Cloths are in comparatively poor demand, but Jaconets and Mulls of standard qualities are very saleable although not quotably dearer. Dh ties meet about an average demand. In *Bleached Goods*, Shirtings, Jaconets, and Mulls go steadily into consumption at fr vious prices but other kinds are not in large demand. For *Dyed and Printed and Turkey Red* Clothes there is no apparent improvement. The consumption is very slow and supplies on the whole comparatively large. For *Local* Made Goods there has been a rather better enquiry lately, and about 500 packages are reported to have been sold during the week, although the prices obtained have not been remunerative for the mills.

TWIST.—There has been a moderate demand throughout the week resulting in about an average business in English Yarns. For the lower counts of both Mule and Water an advance of As. ½ to As. ¼ per lb. has been obtained, while for the higher counts of Mule previous rates are barely supported. Supplies, on the whole, are ahead of current requirements. For Local Yarns the demand continues rather better with an advance of ¼ to ½ Anna per lb., but the rise in Cotton more than counterbalances this, and the Spinning Mills, as a rule, are working to a loss.

METALS.—*Copper*—Continues in poor request and with liberal supplies off-ring prices have given way As. 8 per cwt. for *Braziers*. For *Yellow Metal* the demand is equally limited and *Braziers* are also 8 Annas per cwt lower. *Iron*—A more active demand has been apparent latterly, and a considerable business has been done in British Bars and Nail Rods at an advance of Re. 1 per candy and in Sheets at an advance of 8 Annas per cwt. Of these descriptions the stock is getting into more moderate dimensions, but of Swedish supplies are still large and prices have not undergone any improvement.

COALS.—The shipments from Home being still very light and stocks here having run into small compass, there is a good demand for Coal to arrive at hardening prices, but in the absence of sellers transactions have not been large. Those reported are two cargoes of Davison's West Hartley and one cargo of Cardiff at Rs. 21½, and a cargo of Brymbo Welsh Hartley at Rs. 21 per ton alongside, all via Cape.

COTTON.—The strong advices from Liverpool after the Easter Holidays caused an immediate rise of Re. 3 to Rs. 5 per candy in prices here, and we have continued to have active markets throughout the week at steadily advancing rates until at the close we quote a rise of Rs. 12 per candy in Ginned Broach and Rs. 8 to Rs. 9 in other descriptions. Saturday's Liverpool and New York advices, however, come quieter, and we shall probably have slightly easier rates to-day for everything except Ginned Broach, which having been oversold for this month's delivery is likely to maintain its price, unless values at Home undergo a material decline which, looking at the statistical position, seems scarcely probable at the moment.

The purchases reported for export in Bombay during the week irrespective of operations up-country, make up a total of about 14,000 bales, consisting of about 3,000 bales Broach, 3,000 bales Dholleras, and 9,000 bales Omras. In addition to this the local mills have purchased about 2,500 bales mainly of New Comptas and Old Dholleras.

The *Receipts* from up-country to date show the following comparison:—

	1879.	1878.	1877.
For the week	48,331	33,700	70,124
Since 1st Sept.	443,799	616,566	733,142

The *Clearances for Sea* since the departure of last Mail have been 49,044 bales, making a total since 1st January of 237,276 bales against 397,787 bales for the corresponding period last year. The deficiency this season as compared with last is accordingly reduced to 160,511 bales, and we may now look for the figures of the two seasons being brought closer together week by week. With only two months of the season left, however, we should have to gain on last year's figures at the rate of nearly 17,000 bales per week to bring the clearances for the six months up to 600,000 bales, and as we scarcely think this probable we reduce our estimate to from 550,000 to 575,000 bales. The reports from the districts show that supplies of Omrawuttee are rapidly falling off and the same may be said of Broach which is turning out a much lighter yield than was generally expected After the end of this month, therefore, we shall practically have to depend for our supplies on Dholleras, Comptas, and Sawgineed Dharwar, and although we shall probably have enough of these to enable us to pick up a portion of our present deficiency we do not see our way to a larger total than the figures indicated above.

The following are to-day's quotations for full pressed Cotton with the equivalent in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without Commission:—

	Per Candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
New Good Hingunghaut Ready (Nominal)...	Rs. 235	6¼d.
,, F.G.F. do. do. do. ,, ,,	226	6 9/16d.
,, Good M. G. Broach, April ,, ,,	243	6 15/16d.
,, ,, Omras ,, ,,	225	6¼d.
,, ,, Do. May ,, ,,	234	6¼d.
,, F.G.F. Do. April ,, ,,	220	6¼d.
,, ,, Do. May ,, ,,	219	6¼d.
,, G.F. Do. April ,, ,,	215	6¼d.
,, Do. Do. May ,, ,,	214	6¼d.
,, Good Dholleras ,, ,,	225	6 9/16d.
,, F.G.F. Do. ,, ,,	219	6¼d.
,, G.F. Do. ,, ,,	214	6¼d.
,, Good Ginned Dharwar May ,, ,,	225	6 9/16d.
,, G.G. Comptas ,, ,,	200	at 5 15/16d.

The American crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two preceding seasons:—

	1879.	1878.	1877.
Week's Receipts	40,000	37,000	19,000
,, Exports to U.K. ...	29,000	51,000	30,000
,, ,, Continent. ...	14,000	14,000	14,000
Total Receipts since 1st Sept.	4,243,000	4,017,000	3,778,000
,, Exports to U.K. ... ,,	1,755,000	1,690,000	1,718,300
,, ,, Continent. ,,	1,330,000	1,176,000	857,300
,, Stock at the Ports.	420,000	504,000	602,000

The visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 18th instant compares as follows with the corresponding date on the two previous years:—

	1879.	1878.	1877.
Total supply of all kinds ...	2,120,000	2,578,450	2,960,530
,, ,, Surats...	284,000	301,270	484,170

For the U.K. only the figures are:—

Stock in Liverpool.....	549,000	766,000	1,091,310
Do. London.....	56,000	9,730	38,400
American afloat.....	270,000	261,000	190,000
E. Indian ,, ...	69,000	75,000	146,000
Total.....	944,000	1,112,630	1,465,710
Price of Mid. Orleans...	6 7-16d.	6 3-16d.	6¼d.
,, Fair Dholleras...	4¼d.	4 13-16d.	4 15-16d.
Difference.....	1 9-16d.	1⅜1.	1 5-16d.

SEEDS.—*Linseed* continues in small supply and prices are again Anna 1 to Annas 2 per cwt. higher, to-day's quotations being Rs. 6-14 to Rs. 6-15 per cwt. Of *Rapeseed* arrivals are rather more liberal and values are a trifle easier, say Rs. 7-14 to Rs. 7-2 per cwt. *Gingelly* is partially Re. 1 per candy, quotations now being Rs. 42 to Rs. 44 per candy.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Bank.	No. of Shares.	Nomi. Value p.sh.	Paid up.	Last Dividend	Cash Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs	p. a.	
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	6 p.ct	130
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	4 do	725
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 do	5561
Bank of Madras	40,000	50	all	3 do	650
National Bank of India.	37,320	£25	£12-10	6 do	104

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton Press Co..	150	5,000	28,500	150 p.c.	800
Albert Co., Kurrachee..	200	2,000	1,100	125 do	900
Albert Ginning Co.....	100	500	all	18 p.ct	500
Berar Press Co.....	750	2,750	2,200	22 p.c.	875
Bollary	175	1,000	all	25	480
Berar Company (New)..	1,000	500	all	80 p.c.	400
Indian Press Co.....	1,000	250	all	14 do	70
Broach Cotton Co	400	250	all	10 do	50
Darwar Co	1,000	1,500	all	75 do	50
Calaba Press Co	500	1,850	all	30 do	450
Dholleras P. and G. Co.	400	300	all	15 do	150
East India Press Co..	252	1,000	all	100 do	940
Fort Press Co.....	50	3,500	1,250	50 do	900
French Press Co.....	300	500	all	76 p.a.	440
Mofussil Press and Ginning Co.....	1,125	400	all	30 do	195
Prince of W. Press	120	..	1,500	250 do	300
Sassoon's Press Co.....	600	500	all	25 do	360
Scinde Press Co.....	400	850	750	60 do	415
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., Ld....	100	1,000	925	125 do	1,100
Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co	150	850	all	12 p.ct	500
Volkart's United Press Co.....	450	1,000	1,000	25 p.c.	500

* Per Share for the half-year.

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 12-2-0
Napoleons	,, 224
Mexican Dollars.....	,, 222
Five-Franc Pieces.....	,, 240
Bar Silver, 17 to 17½ bottomess	,, 106-4-0
Gold Leaf	,, 20-2-0
Bar Gold, 19 oz. English, 100 touch.....	,, 19-10-0
Australian Gold, 100 touch.....	,, 19-10-0
Pekin GoldBars	,, 19-6-0

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 16th April compared with that for 8th April:—

Liabilities.	8th April. Rs. A. P.	15th April. Rs. A. P.
Capital.....	2,00,00,000 0 0	2,00,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund	18,95,915 0 0	18,95,915 0 0
Treasury Balance	2,15,55,566 3 11	2,05,91,534 0 2
Other Deposits	2,48,58,092 14 3	2,41,67,673 15 10
Bank Post Bills, &c.....	12,44,885 4 11	8,15,977 4 11
Sundries	11,42,553 10 7	11,60,075 11 1
Rs.	7,06,94,953 2 8	6,86,33,405 15 2

Assets.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government Securities ...	66,97,248 8 0	69,51,751 0 0
Loans on Govt. Securities.	53,93,614 10 0	52,85,532 2 0
Credits on ditto	93,48,965 14 0	95,75,328 14 0
Bills Discounted.....	2,55,63,801 12 1	2,47,86,124 9 8
Balances with other Banks	9,87,536 13 10	10,45,009 7 8
Bullion	.....	.....
Coad Stock	9,77,700 6 1	9,75,341 4 3
Stamps	7,681 1 6	7,290 0 6
Sundries	1,90,427 13 3	1,92,697 15 3
Cash at Head Office	72,38,412 5 6	71,71,693 7 8
Do. at Branches	1,42,81,068 14 5	1,35,41,728 1 11
	7,06,94,953 2 8	6,86,33,405 15 2

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE
AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE SHIP KNIGHT TEMPLAR, 1,038 tons Captain W. D Johnson, will sail to-day for Galle, in ballast.

THE S. S. OSBUN, 162 tons, Captain G. J. Baker, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coast and Cutch, with a general cargo and 195 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s S. S. AKOLA, 315 tons, Captain J. W. St-wart, will sail to-day for Kathiawar Coast and Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr. W. R. Trevelyan, and 100 deck passengers.

MESSRS. R. RUBATTINO AND Co.'s S. S. ASSIRIA, 1,138 tons, Captain G. A. Rocco, arrived in harbour on the 18th instant, from Livorno, 24th March, with the following cargo:—From Bordeaux—220 cases and 30 barrels wine, 3,860 cases brandy, 1 case table, 35 cases vermouth, 100 cases liquor, 75 cases corks, 12 cases plums, 1 case essence of vermouth, and 6 cases butter. From Marseilles—2 casks wine, 572 casks lead, 4 cases pipeogoods, 27 packages chairs, 12 packages goods, 2 cases clocks, 25 cases vermouth, and 13 cases wine and liquor. From Genoa—6 cases pipeogoods, 7 packages glasswares, 4 cases marbles, 24 cases soap, 2 casks oil, 1 case wine, and 11 packages goods. From Leghorn—6,743 slates marbles, 7 bag rice, and 8 packages goods. From Aden—11 packages gum, 88 packages goods, 98 packages senna leaves and 59 packages wheat.

ARRIVALS.

April.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
18	Assiria (s)	Rocco.....	Livorno. Mar 24.
20	I. G. Tenasserim (s)	Street.....	Kurrachee, Apr 17.
	Osrun (s).....	Baker.....	Mandvee, Apr 18.

DEPARTURES.

April.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
19	Canara (s)	Sharp.....	Coast and Calcutta.
	Knight Companion.	Yeo.....	Liverpool.
	Jungfrau	Taylor	Amsterdam.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances on Saturday last:—

Steamer Akola, Stewart, to K Coast and Kurrachee.
Ship Knight Templar, Johnson, to Galle.

The following vessels were entered for loading on Saturday last:—

Steamer Assiria, to Genoa.
Steamer Wilton, to Marseilles.
Steamer Thesaly, to Rangoon.
Ship Jhan Jehn, to Coast and Calcutta.

CALCUTTA.

April. ARRIVALS.
16 Saint Mildred.....Murray .....Liverpool, Dec 19.
17 Commilla(s).....M-cauly .....Rangoon, Apr 13.

DEPARTURES.
Apr. 15.—Ship Arundel.

VESSELS SPOKEN.
By Saint Mildred—American Barque Susan A Blaisdell in Lat 10-36 N, Long, 24-30 E.

MADRAS.

April. ARRIVALS. London.
18 El Dorado (s)..... ....

April. DEPARTURES.
17 Henry .... Coast.
D. of Buccleuch ... . Calcutta.
Nesutan .... Coast.

ARRIVAL OF PASSENGERS.
Per s.s El Dorado:—Brigr Genl Travers, Miss Travers, Miss A Travers, Major and Mrs Stevenson, Mr Brennant, Rev W Hamilton, Miss Webb, Messrs Tyrwhitt, Agnew, Stewart, McCormack, Mason, Brice, and H Hall.

DAILY IMPORTS.—APRIL 19.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Indus s—7 packages hardware, Hajee Esmail Abdoola; 8 casks hardware, H F Soares and Co; 1 cask hardware, Bhoymeya Ebrahim.

FROM LONDON.

Bangalore s—4 cases gold thread, L Narain and Co.
Calhay s—4 cases hams, 6 cases bacon and 13 cases cheese, R D Jackson and Co,
Manilla s—4 casks white zinc paint, 25 drums linseed oil and 5 drums varnish, Adamjee Jewanjee; 12 cases and 18 bales papers and 3 bales straw boards, Shaik Ahmed Noordin; 50 cases glassware, Byramjee Shapoorjee; 100 kegs red lead, Toolsidass Khimji & Co.
Sidonia s—60 cases whiskey and 5 cases provisions, C Bonneville and Co.

FROM GENOA.

Australia s—50 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM TRIESTE.

Medea s—5 cases beer, Green and Jarvis.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Australia s—100 cases brandy, Eduljee Bazonjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—APRIL 19.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Dumfreshire s—4421 cwts linseed, Ritchie, Stuart and Co; 200 cwts bones, Feerbhoy Dumjee.
Whittier—500 cwts myrabollams, Lang, Moir and Co.
Salisbury s—100 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co; 170 bales cotton, Finlay, Muir and Co; 160 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co; 2 bales cotton, Wallace and Co; 50 bales wool, Jaitha Purshotam; 200 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co, Cella s—74 bales wool, Govinjee Madhowjee; 80 bales wool, Jewandass Premjee; 28 bales wool, Heeramund Khildass; 110 bales wool, Gocouldass Tooleidass.
Eron—100 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co.
Raphael—500 cwts bones, Natha Essa; 542 bales cotton, and 1,000 cwts myrabollams, W and A Graham and Co.
Evesham Abbey—230 bales cotton, W and A Graham and Co 810 cwts myrabollams, Ruttonjee Manneckjee.
Shakespeare—250 cwts myrabollams, Pooja Jewrar.

FOR LONDON.

Bokhara s—14 cwts olibanum and 9 cwts M of P shells, Rujeebally Alleynee; 1 case shawls, David Sassoon and Co; 16 cases shawls, Jewazinnell Dulsookroy; 2 cases shawls; Forbes and Co; 20 cases shawls, Tarachund Gunshandass; 1 case shawls, Seerath Panalall; 3 cases shawls, Purmeshwundass Jugonath; 5 cases shawls, Sir Charles Forbes and Co; 2cases shawls, Ryan Hoothoodin Gunnee; 3 boxes silver coins (Rs 2,7,000), The C Bank of I A and China; 12½ cwts E teeth, Jairaibhoy Feerbhoy; 4 cases shawls, The French Bank; 38 cwts olibanum and 244 cwts gum, Manock Luxmeedass; 2 cases shawls, Ara Ahmedally; 10 boxes gold dust (Rs 3,73,700), The C M Bank of I L and China.
Woodville—1591 cwts coir yarn, Bhaujee Purshotam and Co.
Contest—181½ cwts nuxvomica, Rumbally Allyruza.

FOR AMSTERDAM.

Hordon s—360 cwts bones, Natha Essa; 200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 550 bales cotton and 1,750 cwts linseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR HAVRE.

Cumberland—1,500 cwts rapeseed, Vinay and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Medea s—41 bales cotton, Ral't Brothers.
Trinacria s—1,700 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 900 bales of cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR VENICE.

Trinacria s—100 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Wilton s—46 casks oil, C J Khumbatta; 2,001 cwts gingellyseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Manilla s—280 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers,
Assiria s—500 bales cotton, Edulbhoy and Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Bokhara s—8 cases shawls, Sir Charles Forbes and Co.

HIGH COURT.—APRIL 21.

[Before the Honorable SIR CHARLES SARGENT.]

Such of the following New Long Causes fixed for the 21st instant, which either party has informed the Prothonotary of the Deputy Registrar, will be defended, will not be called on until any Consent Decree, and Undefended Suits in the list are disposed of. Defended suits will stand over and be taken in their order.

NEW LONG CAUSES.

172-79—Lynch and T—Heerjeebhoy Jamal vs The Secretary of State for India in Council.
176-79—Shamrao P—Framjee Dadabhoy Appoo vs Dadabhoy Rustomjee Appoo and others—Pranjonee K.
185-79—Cursetjee B—Cursetjee Dharmsjee vs The Jewraj Balloo Song and W Coy Ld.
186-79—A F Turner—Churamjee Ravenjee Alloore vs Balappa Andappy Shetty—Dr Lawrence M.
198-79—Pirmigton H and C—Purshotam Pitamber vs Runchord Coovarjee and another—Bhaishunker N.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

387-78—In person (a pauper)—Luxmibai *alias* Sonabai vs Sudashand Laxmonjee and another—Venayekrao H and In person—Part heard.
79-78—Ardashir and H—Nathoo Dossoovery and another vs The G I P Railway Company—Reyn, C and T.—Settled.
640 78—J C Cama—Syed Ahmed Mustafa, &c., vs Shaik Ally Bin Hossein—Khandeorao M.
400-78—Lynch and T—Madhavdass Khoobchand and others vs The G I P R Company—Hearn, C and L.
250-78—Rearn C and—Framjee Ardesir Wadia vs Dawood Bowla—Crawford and B.

No cards.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—APRIL 17.

Proudfoot, Captain, 2nd Infantry, H C, on leave, from Ellichpoor.

APRIL 19.

Mortelle, Major, R A, on sick leave, from Jullunder.
Willoughby, Lieut, R A, on sick leave, from Quetta.
Trent, Lieut Col, 83d Infantry, on leave, from Mesan Moer.

DEPARTURES.—APRIL 19.

Meitlejohn, Captain, R H A, on duty, to Mooar.
Yorke, Captain, R A, on duty, to Deesa.
James, Captain, 63rd Regt, to rejoin, to Umballa.

APRIL 20.

Proudfoot, Captain, 2nd Infantry, H C, on leave, to Bangalore.
Beadford, Major, R E, from leave, to Kirkee.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.
Adjutant General's Office, Head-Quarters,
Poona, 18th April 1879.

Lieut C G Whitby, 17th Foot, attached to the 30th N I, is transferred to the 1st N I, as officiating Wing Officer on probation.

The undermentioned officers recently arrived from England as probationers for the Indian Staff Corps are posted as follows:—
Lieut A W L Savyer (108th Foot) to 28th N I (Rifles); Lieut A E Yate (1st West Indian Regt) to 18th N I.
Erratum—In G O C No 146, dated 28th March 1879, for 19th Lieut 17th N I,
Surgeon J Prendergrast, Army Medical Department, is transferred from Poona to the Bombay Circle, for general duty.
The undermentioned Medical Officers are appointed to do duty with the troops proceeding to England in H M's Indian Troopship Jumna on the 15th instant:—Surgeon-Major G Davie, M D; Surgeon-Major J Mackie, M D; and Surgeon F C Barrow.
Under instructions from the Horse Guards, War Office, it is intimated that Lieut Colonel Bowen, 2-11th Foot, Prince of Wales's Regiment, is granted the honorary rank of Major.
Major and Brevet Lieut Col G F Beville, Staff Corps, has qualified for employment in the Judge Advocate General's Department.
The undermentioned officer returned to duty by permission of the Secretary of State for India on the 15th April:—Lieut Col F H Iredell, Bombay Staff Corps, and Commandant 16th N I.
The undermentioned are reported to have passed the required examination in Hindustani:—
Lower Standard, Lieut G C. Herbert, 2-7th Foot; Private F Nicholson, 2-15th Foot; Lieut A W Mckinstry, 2-17th Foot.
Lower Standard, Bombardier J Dorrie, 1-9th R A; Capt W H Marriott; Serjeant Downes, 2-11th Foot; Private J McCarthy, 2-18th Foot; Lieut Cubitt, 29th Foot; Private Cooke; Private Marks; Private Shannon, Royal Artillery; Private Thornton, 66th Foot; Bandsman Webb; store serjeant J Burton; Store Serjeant Halpin, Ordnance Department; Surgeon Major F Pennington.
The following orders are confirmed:—
Bolgaum District Order, dated 25th January, directing Captain Greig, 14th N I, to perform the duties of Station Staff Officer at Belgaum in addition to his own during the absence of Captain Wetherall on duty.
Regimental Order, dated 10th April 1879 by the officer Commanding Dapoorie Division, appointing Captain Shaik Ismail, acting Adjutant, vice Lockyer, proceeded on leave.
66th Foot, Regimental Order, dated 8th April, appointing Lieut Rayner, interpreter to the Regiment, vice Lieut Hassard, proceeding to the Regimental depôt.
2nd Light Cavalry, Regimental Order, dated 9th April, directing Lieut Prindle, 6th Bombay Cavalry, Squadron Officer, to officiate as Adjutant in addition to his own duties, vice Captain Shaw, on appointment as a pointed officiating Commaadant of H E the Governor's Body Guard.
9th N I, Regimental Order, dated 8th April, directing Sub-Lieut Preston, Officiating Wing Officer, to officiate as Quarter-Master in addition to his own duties.
Lieut J D Fullerton, Officiating Adjutant, Sappers and Miners, performed the duties of Quarter-Master in addition to his own from the 15th but Dec 19th to 31st March 1879.
The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—
Royal Horse Artillery, Lieut W H Suart (D-B) for 6 months to Cashmere on private affairs.
3rd Hussars, Captain G E Rogers and Lieut R G Alexander for three months on private affairs in India.
Royal Artillery, Major G Budd (15-8), to England, to appear before a Medical Board. Major H H Murray (8-11) from 18th April to 15th Oct to Landore on urgent private affairs. Lieut A D Mcdonald (19-8) from 17th April to 16th May to Mahableshwur on Medical Certificate.
2-15th Foot, Lieut and Adjutant L L Steele, to Bombay, and thence to England for 8 months on private affairs, as a special case.
3rd (Queen's Own) Light Cavalry, Lieut Col E C Stack to Bombay for thirty days to appear before a Medical Board.
11th N I, Major G G H Ful on to remain at Bombay from 15th to 28 h April in extension on Medical Certificate.
18th N I, Surgeon Major A N E Edel to remain at Bombay from 12 h April to 11th May, in extension on Medical Certificate.
Surgeon F B Tuthill to Bombay and thence to England to appear before a Medical Board.

POSTAL NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The following is the revised list of the hours for closing the Overland packets:—
Letters will be received at the General Post Office up to 5-30 p.m.
Newspapers, Books, and Patterns up to 4 p.m.
Registered Letters up to 3 p.m.
Registered Letters, if fully prepaid, together with an extra fee of two annas, will be received at the General Post Office between 3 and 4 p.m.
Late Letters, if fully pre-paid by means of stamps in respect both of postage and of the *late letter fee* (two annas each), will be received at the Wellington Pier Post Office from 5-30 to 6-30 p.m.
The latest hour for posting ordinary Overland covers at the several Branch Post Offices will be 4 p.m., and registered letters at 2 p.m.
Fully prepaid letters will be received on board the Overland Mail Steamer after 5 p.m. and up to starting time (7 p.m.), by the payment of an additional fee of four annas. All others will be refused.

CALENDAR FOR APRIL 1879.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

New Moon.....21st, 6h. 46·8m. p.m.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Mon. 21	.....	5 40	6 17	{ 11 32 m { 11 19 a	5 5 m 5 32 a
Tues. 22	.....	5 40	6 17	{ 0 2 m { 11 47 a	5 33 m 6 18 a
Wed 23	St. George.—English Mail expected.	5 39	6 17	{ 0 34 a { ...	6 2 m 6 32 a
Th. 24	.....	5 38	6 18	{ 0 14 m { 1 6 a	6 30 m 7 4 a
Fri. 25	St. Mark.	5 38	6 18	{ 0 44 m { 1 43 a	7 2 m 7 39 a
Sat. 26	.....	5 37	6 18	{ 1 15 m { 2 22 a	7 38 m 8 18 a
Sun. 27	2nd Sunday after Easter	5 36	6 19	{ 1 52 m { 3 7 a	8 15 m 9 5 a

THE HIGH EST AUTHORITIES
HAVE PRONOUNCED OUR
MR. BREWER'S LAMP,
"A GREAT SUCCESS"
ONE KEROSINE LAMP MADE TO DO THE WORK OF MANY.
No. 2, Meadow Street, Fort.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES and other Remittances, sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

OVERLAND SUMMARY
OF

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

THE AFGHAN WAR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

THULL CHOTIALLI FIELD FORCE.

RAJANPUR, APRIL 19.

The 1st Goorkhas and the 32nd Pioneers have arrived at Rajanpur, and proceed at once to their respective cantonments—the former to Dharmsala and the latter to Jhelum.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Indian Telegraph.)

AFFAIRS IN BURMA.

MANDALAY, APRIL 19.

King Theebaw has announced in full Council that heretofore fear had prompted his yielding to all the demands of the British, but that he would henceforth neither hear nor speak of proposals of accommodation with the British. Discontent is growing strong among the senior Ministers.

(By Red Sea Cable.)

AFFAIRS IN RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, APRIL 18.

An Imperial decree has been issued which invests the Governors of St. Petersburg and the Chief Provinces with absolute power.

CONSOLS.

LONDON, APRIL 18.

Consols to-day closed at 98¼.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

The Hall Line steamer Rydal Hall left Suez for Bombay on the 18th instant at 7 p. m.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, APRIL 18.

Total Week's sales of Cotton	61,000 bales
Amount forwarded	5,000 do.
Do. Week's sales of Surats	5,000 do.
Do. Week's imports of Cotton	21,000 do.
Do. do. do. Surats	Nil.
Do. Stock of Cotton.....	549,000 do.
Do. do. Surats	14,000 do.
Do. Stock of Cotton in London.....	56,000 do.

LONDON, APRIL 18. AFT.,

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats firm.

The London Cotton Market has been firm.

Fair Dholl-ra	4¼
The Manchester Market has been firm.	
7 lbs. Shirtings.....	5-6
8¼ lbs. do.	6-4¼
40s. Mule Twist	0-9½
Exchange on London, 60 days' sight..	1-7 1-16
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	73¾
4½ per cent. do.	78½
3 per cent. Consols for account	98¼
3 per cent. French Rentes, 1872.....	115
Bar Silver	49 11-16
Oriental Bank Shares	£19
Chartered do.	£17
Do. Mercantile Bank shares.....	£17
Hongkong and Shanghai do.	£27
Arrival—Scotland.	

GENERAL GOUGH has recommended Lieutenant W. R. P. Hamilton, who succeeded to the command of the Guides after Major Battye's death at Futtehabad, and displayed conspicuous gallantry during that action, for the Victoria Cross

THE death is reported of Lieutenant Ogle, 5th Fusiliers, at Basawal on the 10th April.

AN expedition against the Mahsud Waziris has been organised, the command of which will be given to General Godby. The force will consist of about two thousand men with two batteries of Artillery.

WE hear, says the Lahorepaper, that on the 8th instant, at Basawal, a wretched specimen of a Pathan, a native of Bajour, was shot, and his body burnt for attempting to assassinate a man of the 5th Fusiliers. The miscreant came up behind his victim who was stooping down at a stop in the Basawal camp bazaar, and plunged a knife into his back; the blade fortunately glanced off a rib, and so only inflicted a flesh wound from which the man is recovering. The murderer was promptly seized by men of the 5th, and was at once tried by a military court.

"IF it be true," says the *Englishman*, "that Colonel Colley has been appointed Chief of the Staff, its significance is unmistakeable. It means that the advance upon Kabul has been determined on, and that *carte blanche* has been given to the General in command to accomplish the object set before him in his own way. The appointment of Colonel Colley will restore confidence to the Force, and is sufficient guarantee against a repetition of the blunders that have lately been so frequent. There is some prospect now that the war will be conducted on military principles, the only condition on which it can possibly lead to political success."

THE *Pioneer*:—The traffic on the Rajputana State Railway is congested, we understand, to that degree that there is practically a denial of transport to all local traffic offering itself to the Railway at Agra. The traffic booked through from more distant places absorbs the carrying power of the line. An effort has been made to run ten trains a day, but the lower rates of speed that must necessarily be kept to on a narrow gauge line have defeated the attempt. With the crossing places that actually exist, the ten trains per day would be possible if the line were a broad gauge line, allowing for broad gauge rates of speed. But directly the narrow gauge trains are driven at more than a certain rate, the wear and tear, both of stock and permanent way, become excessive and the engines are always in hospital.

THE *Indian Daily News*—Some fine morning the Government of India will wake up to discover that the money spent upon the metre gauge has been something more than thrown away. But, meantime, we presume the influence which bestowed upon India this very questionable advantage will avail for its extension. We note that H. E. the Viceroy has sanctioned an outlay of Rs. 2,31,108 for the conversion to the metre gauge of the section between Trichinopoly and Erode, and a further sum of Rs. 18,180 for the alterations to be made at Erode by the Madras Railway Company to meet the new arrangements

THE *Civil and Military Gazette* says:—"It has been tolerably well known for some days past that a proposition for sending forward a Mission to Kabul for the purpose of negotiating terms of peace, Major Cavagnari being the Envoy, has found favour with the Government of India, as with the Cabinet at home. It was thought this plan would prove an alternative—at once effective, cheap, and acceptable,—to an advance in force upon Kabul, a policy far too wise, resolute, and thorough to commend itself to English statesmen of the modern type. The scheme, however, has so far been happily baffled by the pig-headed obstinacy of the Afghan ruler, and up to the present moment we understand no sort of assurance of the acceptation of the Mission has been received from Yakub Khan. So that notwithstanding the amiable disposition of both home and Indian Governments, our forces have been compelled to advance, and will, no doubt, gravitate towards the capital until in good time they reach it. This negative way of accomplishing a desirable end may answer its purpose of disguising conquest under a veil of reluctant hesitation, but it will cost more in the long run, both in money and lives, than if we had gone in at our work without affectation or delay."

THE *Englishman*—Orders, says the *Pioneer*, were on Friday (the 11th) sent to Sir Sam Browne, directing him to hold himself in readiness for an advance on Kabul. It was on the 10th, it will be remembered, that the Press Commissioner wired to the newspapers the information, curious as coming from such a quarter, that Mahomed Aslam Gilzai had written from Khelat that a messenger from Kabul had reported the failure of the negotiations, and further confirmed the rumours of the advance of troops from Kabul towards Jallalabad and Khushi. News of such importance, received in this round-about way, was not likely to be communicated officially to the press without some special motive. In this instance the Government probably had information to the same effect from much more trustworthy sources, though it did not wish to divulge them; and the object of the communication was to prepare the public for a movement which, if not actually decided on, was considered inevitable. The failure of the negotiations, or the communication, which the Home Government, for party purposes, has chosen to dignify with this name, was a foregone conclusion, and in any case might have been predicted from the late movements of the tribes about Jallalabad, and the finding of Yakub's *purwana* to the Khagianis. Our belief is that Yakub will make a stubborn resistance. We shall probably not only meet with opposition in the passes, but have to fight at least one pitched battle before reaching the capital. Doubtless, Yakub's object, in the first instance, will be to prevent Generals Sam Browne and Roberts from effecting a junction. Having done his best, and got well beaten, on the other hand, we anticipate that he will accept the consequences of defeat, and enter heartily into an alliance with the Government of India, when the impossibility of resisting it with success has been conclusively demonstrated both to himself and his adherents.

THE *Civil and Military Gazette*—Kabul advices inform us that a British brigade from Futtehabad marched to Gundamuck on the 12th current, and Jallalabad is left garrisoned by a comparatively small force. We hear from private sources that the Mahmunds of Bajour are organizing an expedition to attack that station. They have, it is said, captured Sirdar Ahmed Khan, Chief of Shewah, whom they retain as a prisoner. From Kabul we hear that Yakub Khan has left the city, and is now in camp at Seeah Sung. We understand that the great bulk of the Afghan army in and about Kabul has been ordered to occupy the Khurd Kabul pass to defend the approach to the capital. Faiz Mahomed Khan with three thousand men has been ordered to Surkpul, which is said to be but twelve or fourteen miles from Gundamuck; a conflict, therefore, with the British troops is considered imminent. The account of an attack by the Zukka Kheyls from the Bazar Valley on a large convoy near Landi Khana is confirmed.

THE *Pioneer* publishes the following telegram:—"Generals Biddulph and Nuttall and Major Sandeman held a committee this morning, and Vatakri is chosen as a standing camp for the troops. Two native infantry, one native cavalry, and one mountain battery will hut themselves in an entrenched post. A temporary shelter for all stores, hospitals, officers, &c., and magazine is required urgently. All materials and skilled labour must be imported. The engineer has left for India to see to all that is wanted. General Biddulph held a brigade parade this morning, and then started for India *via* Fort Munro, with the 70th Foot, 8th Bengal Cavalry, and the 5th Company of Sappers. Major Sandeman has also left. General Nuttall remains at Vatakri in command. Colonel DeBourbel, R.E., starts to-morrow to lay out the new cantonment site, after which he will leave for Pishin with some engineer officers. The 1st Punjab Infantry remain up here for the present, also the 9th Company of Sappers."

A SAYAD of Kunar, who has lately arrived at Peshawur as a travelling mendicant and intends to proceed towards India, makes the following statements:—The people of the Kunguli tribe, who formerly belonged to the Kutor clan of Sinhposh Kafirs, but are now Mahammedans, lately attacked and set fire to the habitations of Sinhposh Kafirs of the Neshal clan, and thereby destroyed nearly 700 people of the tribe. The Kafirs generally are now clamouring for revenge and are making preparations to attack and plunder the Mahammedans of Kunar. The Sinhposh Kafirs have good opinion of the English authorities, and Christianity is being preached among them by *Padris*. It is hoped that a number of Kafirs will proceed to Jallalabad to pay their respects to the officers of the English Government. The Kafirs are ever annoyed by their Mahammedan neighbours."

THE *Pioneer* says:—A correspondent sends in a sketch of the ford near Jallalabad, at which the recent disaster took place. It goes far to explain what occurred, though it leaves rather less easy of comprehension than ever the fact that the troops were allowed to cross without ordinary precautions having been taken by the officers of the Quartermaster General's Department, in the first instance. The true path of the ford is not straight, but across the up-stream ends of two islands. From the shore to the first island there seems no peculiar danger to guard against. But between the two islands the current runs strongly and has scooped out the bottom, so that a straight line from the end of one island to the end of the other crosses deep water. To ford the stream between the islands it is necessary to take an inverted V-shaped course, slanting first up the stream, and then descending on the further island by a second slant. Naturally enough in the absence of stakes to mark out the right path the line of troopers crossing must have flattened, until the direction taken led straight into the deep water of the rapid. This is not a case in which it was possible for one man going ahead to lead the rest of a long line aright. Nothing but stakes could have made such a treacherous ford safe for any considerable number of men, and it is startling to find the explanation of the way the disaster occurred so simple. Is there to be a committee of inquiry as at Isandula? It is not pleasant to think that the progress of our armies should be marked here as at the Cape by proceedings of that nature. But at any rate it is better to have an inquiry rather than a condonation of gross mismanagement. The British public when anything goes wrong is said to be always stupidly eager to find some one to hang; but even that tendency on the part of a nation is less disastrous than too much good nature on the part of Government. When, no matter what happens, it is held impossible to tell "dear old so and so" that he is not strong enough for the place, we must expect to find cases for inquiry arising pretty often.

THE *Englishman*—There is an old proverb that time accomplishes everything. But it is a bad precedent leaving too much to time. On Friday, the 24th March 1871, over eight years ago, Sir Henry Norman, in Calcutta, in introducing his military budget, said as follows:—"We shall take measures to obtain a supply of mitrailleuses as soon as they are finally adopted at home." In 1879 Lieutenant-General Wray states that the Indian Government have lately purchased from Sir William Armstrong, and sent to India, two batteries of Gatling guns of a pattern which is in every respect superior to that of the Imperial service, the gun weighs only 150 lbs., is fitted with Martini-Henry barrels, is thoroughly effective up to 1,400 yards, and fires 400 rounds a minute. Being intended for mountain service, it travels on a mule's back, as also its carriage and ammunition. Although it has taken eight years to get the Gatling gun to India, we offer our congratulations that at last the feat has been accomplished.

THE *Indian Daily News*—The condemnation by the English press of the policy of gagging adopted by General Roberts and others does not appear to have resulted in increased freedom to independent scribes. We are not aware of any complaint having been made regarding the communications from our correspondents with the Frontier force; and yet one gentleman who has served us, the public, and the Government faithfully, has written to us to say that we are not to expect any more letters from him, as stringent orders have been issued, forbidding officers to write in any way for the press. Such orders are the merest folly. Unless officers can be prevented writing at all, privately to their friends, it is impossible to prevent their opinions as well as facts finding their way to the newspapers. The utter childishness of these orders ought to be sufficient to stop their issue by sensible men. Of course, if men in authority are not sensible, foolish orders will prevail to the end. But *qui bono*?

THE *Statesman*—The prospectus of the *London Statesman* has been received with an amount of interest, we might almost say enthusiasm, that evidences, we think, how real is the want that we propose to meet by its publication. Two or three of our contemporaries, indeed, look askance upon it. The war paper at Lahore "cannot even publish the prospectus as an advertisement." Its "conscience" does not permit it even to give circulation to so mischievous a production. Another finds in it nothing but "bombastic" rubbish, while the *Indo-European Correspondence* says that the enterprise reminds it, in some way or other, of Dr. Kenealy's entrance into Parliament as representative of the "claimant" and his friends. Well, we do not shut our eyes to the small amount of interest at present taken in Indian affairs by our countrymen at home. It is to awaken a just interest therein that we propose to establish this paper; and it will materially lessen the risk of failure if we can obtain a body of Indian subscribers to the journal, as a sort of nucleus at starting. Several of our contemporaries have generously offered to circulate our prospectus gratuitously, so satisfied are they of the opportuneness and need of our enterprise. In the meanwhile, the assistance which the Indian public can give us—is a list of Indian subscribers.

WE (*Asian*) hear that there is still a very long list of defaulters for both stakes and lotteries over the Calcutta settling, and that the public would be not a little astonished to learn the names of some of those who have not paid up their entrance fees, &c, for want of means can be no excuse in their case.

A BAD AFFAIR.—On Saturday evening a drunken European, named Buckley, endeavoured to force his way into the house of Baboo Jogendro Narain Bose, of Taltollah, late Collector to the Municipality, and was resisted, as a matter of course, by the Baboo's servants. A great crowd collected, but no one interfered with the drunken man. He, on his part, seemed to have taken special offence at the Baboo's coachman, one Mohur, whom he assaulted. The man fell on the road, and Buckley is reported to have kicked him so severely that he expired on the spot. The Taltollah station is close by, but the police seem to have taken no notice until the affair was reported, when Inspector Watling arrested the man Buckley, and had the body of Mohur taken to the Scalish Campbell Hospital. Superintendent Mylan went to the Baboo's house at about 10 P.M., and Mr. Lambert, the Deputy Commissioner of Police, at 11 P.M., and made preliminary enquiries into the case. The man Buckley was, for some time, we hear, Inspector of the Burra Bazar Thannah.—*Indian Daily News.*

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Bokhara, Captain J. Orman, will sail to-day for Southampton with the Europe Mails and the following passengers:—

FOR SOUTHAMPTON.

Mrs Barrow and 4 children
Mr and Mrs Ross-Hildebrand and child
Major Roberts and Mrs Roberts
Mrs Whalley and 2 children
Mr and Mrs A Cadell and 2 infants
Capt and Mrs Graham Smith and child.
Mr E V Ogier and Mrs Ogier
Mr Grey
Mrs Jas Bonnyman
Mrs Lang and 3 children
Mrs Owen and infant
Mr H Hastings
Miss Hester Palmer
Mr and Mrs Clarke Jervoise and 2 infants
Mr A W Munsey
Col G C Sandilfe
Mr G Palmer
Mr G B Reynolds
Mrs F E Beardsley
Mr I T Lindsley
Mrs G Taylor
Mr J Wolfe
Mr J C Hutton
Mr Brinton
Mr and Mrs Hansford
Mr J Bedson
Mr and Mrs Cotton
Mr and Mrs Birks
Mr and Mrs Pflaum
Mr and Mrs Leith
A Gentleman
Lieut W A D Mosty
Capt A G Hartshorne
Mr W Nicol
Mrs Temple and 2 infants
Mr Newdick
Capt Brown
Mr and Mrs Greening and 2 infants
Mr Edward Connorton
Mr and Mrs Bowen and child
Mr and Mrs Phillips and 4 children
Miss M Rice
Mr W M Maynard
Capt Wm Harding
Mr J W E Patterson
Major S C Martelli
Col Trent
Mr W H Scott
Mr Shrigley

FOR BRINDISI.

Col W Goodfellow, R E
Col McLeod Innes, R E
Capt and Mrs A G Scott
Mr W Wordsworth
Mr G L Lang
Mrs Constable
Mr H A Martyn
Mr M Gaviller
Major Kwart
Mr H F Bartlett
Mr J Finn
Mr McGoran.

FOR VENICE.

Mr and Mrs J Walker
Miss Gilbert
Major Enyvett and Mrs Enyvett
Mrs Appleyard
Miss A E Perry
Viscount Hinchingbrook
Mr R M March and brother
Mr F B Pemberton
Col Chichester
Major Currie
Mr Nicholson
Two Misses Dickson
Mr and Mrs Laing
Mr Henry Earnshaw
Capt Brooke
Mr A C Hammond
Major and Mrs Chester.

FOR ADEN.

Mr H W Ulloth
Armourer Sergeant C W Blank and wife and 4 children
Mr G F G Lester
Conductor George Brew and wife
Bhugwan Luckmidass
Pestonjee Cowasjee

THE FLEMING SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

At the High Court on Saturday last, a petition presented by the liquidators of the New Fleming Spinning and Weaving Company, for the confirmation of certain special resolutions passed by the shareholders of the old company, was heard before Sir Charles Jackson, Kt. Latham, instructed by Messrs. Ardaseir and Hormusjee, appeared for the petitioners; Mr. Macpherson, instructed by the same solicitors, appeared for the petitioners, and also for the liquidators of the old company, in support of the petition; Mr. Inverarity for certain dissenting shareholders of the old company; the Advocate General, Mr. Lang, Mr. Farran, and Mr. F. M. Mehta appeared for creditors of the old company.

Mr. Latham stated that, on the 3rd July 1878, a resolution was passed by the shareholders of the old company to wind up voluntarily and to make over the assets to the new company, which undertook to pay the debts of the old company. On the 23rd July the resolution was confirmed, and the new company on that date took over the assets and had paid about two-thirds of the debts of the old company. In consequence of the failure of the Finjrapole Company, the new company was seriously involved and was, by order of Mr. Justice Green passed on the 17th January last, directed to be wound up by the court; and the present petitioners were appointed official liquidators. On the 1st March last, his Lordship (Sir Charles Sargent) directed that the voluntary liquidation of the old company be continued under the supervision of the court. The question, which was then raised, now came before his Lordship for decision. It was shortly this. The liquidators of the old company said that the creditors of it should be paid in priority to the creditors of the new company, which proposed the present liquidators opposed. On the present motion to sanction the resolutions, the court could not discuss this question of priority. The petitioners undertook that a sum of money should be set apart, under the control of both sets of liquidators, sufficient to pay the creditors of the old company; and it could be so kept until the question of priority was decided. A suit had been filed by a creditor of the old company against the liquidators of the two companies, raising all the points at issue; and the present question would be disposed of in that suit. Besides, the dissenting shareholders were not in the position of creditors; for having accepted shares of the company, they could not be relieved, as creditors, of their liabilities as shareholders. Therefore, if the court confirmed the resolutions, the assets would go to the old company while the creditors of the new company would be left out in the cold and thrown upon their personal remedy against the shareholders. The learned counsel read the affidavit of Mr. Forrejee Jadoojee, filed in the suit, in which it was stated, in answer to his Lordship, that the object of the new company was to increase the capital and subdivide the shares.

Mr. Macpherson, on behalf of the liquidators of the old company, supported the petition. If the new company had not taken over the assets the result would have been disastrous to the old company. The learned counsel submitted that the resolutions should be sanctioned by the court.

The Advocate General contended that the resolutions were *ultra vires* of the shareholders and ought not to be sanctioned. Under section 145 of the Act, the company being voluntarily wound up, the surplus assets, after paying the liabilities, were to be distributed among the shareholders. The liabilities of the old could not be transferred to the new company. No resolution of the shareholders could bind the creditors of the old company; and no resolution could remove the assets out of the control of its liquidators.

Mr. Lang argued that the present application was contrary to the spirit of section 175 of the Act. A company in voluntary liquidation could assign its business and property to another company; but in this case it could be wound up, it must pay its debts. The arrangement proposed by the petitioners was not feasible, for it was difficult to ascertain how much should be set apart. It was for the court to see that the assets were distributed.

Mr. Farran said he did not take the same view as his learned friends had done. He would propose a modified order, namely, to dismiss the petition and leave matters as they were now. The creditors of the old company could not get at the assets in the hands of the liquidators of the new company.

The Judge remarked that the assets of the company were in the hands of the court, and that the court could order them to be set apart where it might be proper.

Mr. Farran asked his Lordship to determine the real question that day, namely, whether the creditors of the old company were entitled to be paid in priority to the creditors of the new.

The Judge:—I am asked to sanction the resolution. Can I do so unless the creditors of the old company are secured?

Mr. Farran said that was what he asked his Lordship to do, that is, to sanction the resolutions provided the creditors of the old company were paid. That should be the only condition. All these suits would then be at an end, and the expenses of litigation would be saved. Mr. Latham, in short, was in the position of a purchaser who had not paid the purchase money in full.

Mr. Mehta supported the arguments against the petition. Under section 175, the company was given a year within which it was to pay its debts: and as they were not paid, the resolutions were invalidated.

Mr. Inverarity, in a lengthy argument, submitted that the resolution to wind up was illusory as well as fraudulent, because the company had at the time no funds to pay its creditors and dissenting shareholders. The resolution to wind up was confirmed at 3 o'clock, and at 4 o'clock one set of liquidators walked out, and the other set walked in. The amount of remuneration proposed to be paid to the liquidators, Rs. 500, showed that the winding-up was treated as a trumpery affair, and it was not so in the proper sense. The learned counsel therefore asked that the resolutions should not be sanctioned unless on terms that the creditors were secured.

Mr. Latham, in reply, cited several authorities in support of his application. He consented to the court ordering any sum it thought proper to be set aside to meet the claims of the creditors of the old company until the question at issue could be decided; but he declined to consent to a declaration in this matter that any sums should be paid out to the creditors now.

His Lordship took time to consider his decision.

THE SECOND CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

SIXTH DAY, SATURDAY, 19TH APRIL.

(Before the Hon'ble MR. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

THE following case was heard before his Lordship and a common jury:—

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

Henry William Court, a European overseer in the Government School of Industry at Dharwar, was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect to Rs. 141-4-2 entrusted to him in his capacity as such overseer. Mr. Jardine, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown; the prisoner was undefended.

Mr. Jardine briefly stated the facts which will be found given in the following evidence of the superintendent of the school.

Mr. Herbert William Lewis said—I am the superintendent of the Government School of Industry at Dharwar. On the 1st October last, prisoner was appointed overseer of the school. As such overseer, his duties were to take charge of all stores, to receive all monies and pay the same into the treasury as soon as possible after receipt. I remember the end of February and the beginning of March last, when I was suffering from fever and absent from my post. On the 8th March last, I wrote to the prisoner to bring the books up for signature. It was my duty to go through the accounts, to check them and sign them. The books I asked for were the account books of the institution. Prisoner did not bring them and sent no answer to my note. I despatched to prisoner a second note to the same effect. The peon brought the books, but the prisoner, being pressed, I did not examine them. The 9th March was a Sunday, and the next day was a holiday. On the 11th March, I went to the school. I had returned the books to the school, and I called upon the accused for his explanation. In consequence I proceeded to examine the bill-book, when I found that some items were not initialed by the accused, which showed me that he had not paid the money into the treasury. (Mentions the items, making Rs. 18-11.) I asked prisoner for an explanation for the amount not being credited. He told me he was keeping it until other sums had accumulated when he would pay in in one sum. I told him it was most irregular and against the standing rules of the school. He pointed to a cash-box and said the amount was in it. I then asked him to produce the money which he could not do. He said he had used it. I then questioned him about other items which I knew he should have in his charge. (Mentions the items.) Prisoner admitted that he had used those amounts like-wise. I was very weak in body, and, on returning home, I asked for a statement of what he had taken. On the 11th March, the same day I received from the accused this letter, acknowledging having received Rs. 49-5-0. The next morning I called for the cash-book and asked the accused for the closing balance of the 5th March. The balance shown in the account was Rs. 81-9 2 with the signature of the accused. There is entered a sum of Rs. 61-2-3 as paid into the treasury on that date. Any sum received on the 6th March, the previous day, ought to have been paid into the treasury. I asked him to produce the balance, but he could not. He acknowledged having used this sum also. I sent this letter to prisoner on the 12th March, informing him that unless he gave me a true and full statement of all monies he had drawn, I would call in a magistrate. (The letter was not admitted in evidence.) I received no reply. I went home ill. Prisoner came to my house and I told him to go to the treasury and make up the accounts. He came back and said he could not. I told him he must do so. He said he would go and do so. He did not return. I sent for him, but he was not to be found. I then went to the treasury and found that the accused had received money and withheld payment from the workmen. When work was badly done, it was our custom to withhold a portion of the money. Such sums remained in the custody of the prisoner, and amounted in all to about Rs. 31. The pay abstracts for June and July 1878 were paid in November 1878, when there were withheld payments. (Mentions them.) The whole amount I traced comes to Rs. 141-4-2.

Other witnesses were examined. His Lordship having summed up, the jury, after a short consultation, returned a verdict of not guilty; and the prisoner was discharged. The court then adjourned until this (Monday) morning.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

THE annual meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals took place in the Darbar Room, Town Hall, on Saturday evening under the Presidency of His Excellency the Governor. The attendance, as usual, was small.

Mr. Justice Bayley moved the first resolution—the adoption of the report—and in doing so pleaded for increased support of the society, so that additional agents could be employed. Two or three years ago, he said, there was a general impression that the society confined its operations to prosecuting low-class people and did not fly at higher game. That, of course, was a mistake, for the meeting would recollect that drivers of some bullocks belonging to no less a distinguished individual than the Governor of Bombay—Sir P. Wodehouse, he believed—were had up and fined. He would detain the meeting a minute by reading an extract from the diary of one of their agents. It was dated Saturday, 15th February, 1879, and read as follows:—

"Tonga.—The property of H. E. the Governor. Pony lame of the near hind leg. Handed over the case to police sepoy No. 101-B. On my arrival at the Police Court the sepoy to whom I gave the pony in charge informed me that the driver—one of the Governor's butlers—(laughter)—had gone to Mr. Inspector Killeen and stated that the tonga contained materials for General Grant's breakfast. (Laughter.) Consequently the driver was then and there released from custody."

The meeting would, therefore, see that the agents of the society were no respector of persons, and that they had no hesitation in bringing the condition of animals of the highest subject in the land under the attention of the magistrates.

Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebboy, in seconding the resolution, said it was gratifying to hear that a great improvement had taken place in the condition of cart bullocks, and also of horses used in public vehicles, and it was to be hoped that gradually the condition of dumb animals would learn to be merciful to their beasts not merely from fear of punishment, but also from a change in their feelings towards these poor patient creatures which were so useful to man. It was satisfactory also to learn that the overloading of bullock carts had been engaging the attention of the committee. That was a matter with which the public generally would sympathise, for how often did they see in the streets poor bullocks struggling under a load which overtaxed their strength, and mercilessly goaded on to their tasks frequently falling down under their burdens. He hoped they should soon see a maximum standard weight fixed for bullock carts. Another matter for congratulation was the establishment of a branch institution at Kurrachee, principally through the exertions of Mr. Lee-Warner, and he (the speaker) hoped their next report would inform them of the establishment of similar branches in several of the other large towns of the Presidency. There was one word which, as a trustee of the Pinjrapole, he would like to say in connection with that institution. The objects which the society and the Pinjrapole had in view were in some respects analogous, and the suggestions made in a previous report of the society, though in a great measure acquiesced in by the Pinjrapole committee, had not all of them were under consideration even before these suggestions were received—could not be carried out at once, because at the time they were made all the resources of the Pinjrapole were taxed to their utmost. Hundreds of animals were being sent down from the famine districts, and these had to be fed and sheltered, and similar branch institutions up-country were demanding grants of money to meet their additional expenditure caused by the famine. The greater portion of the income of the Pinjrapole was derived from fees levied on native traders on merchandise. The great depression in trade had interfered much with the income, while the high prices of grain—both subscriptions had materially increased the expenditure; thus while there had been diminished income there had been increased expenditure. They might, however, hope that matters would improve hereafter, and as soon as their funds would admit of their doing so, he believed the trustees of the Pinjrapole would gradually carry out many of the suggestions made by this society.

The resolution having been adopted, it was resolved upon the motion of the Hon. Morarjee Gocouldas, seconded by Mr. Cursetjee Furdoonjee, that the general committee be re-elected with the addition to their number of Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate and secretaries were also re-elected upon the motion of Sir F. Souter, seconded by Mr. Nana Morojee.

Mr. H. Cleveland proposed a vote of thanks to the President (Mr. Justice Bayley), which was seconded by Mr. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, C.S.I., and carried by acclamation.

Mr. Justice Bayley briefly returned thanks.

The Hon. Jeejeebhoy Framjee, in proposing a resolution expressive of thanks to the editors of the Bombay press, more testimony as a magistrate to the value of the society's operations and the absence of vexatious prosecutions. At the same time he doubted whether the animals whose services were fined were very much benefited, as there was nothing to prevent the cruelty being repeated. To prevent this he suggested that a short Act should be passed by the Legislature giving the society power to retain the animals at the owner's expense until cured.

The resolution was seconded by the Sheriff (Dr. Atmaram Padurang).

A desultory conversation took place on the subject of Mr. Dosabhoy's suggestion, in the course of which one of the speakers observed that the Indian Act could not be made to have effect beyond the limits of the Bombay Presidency.

The Advocate General remarked that the resolutions were *ultra vires* of the shareholders and ought not to be sanctioned. Under section 145 of the Act, the company being voluntarily wound up, the surplus assets, after paying the liabilities, were to be distributed among the shareholders. The liabilities of the old could not be transferred to the new company. No resolution of the shareholders could bind the creditors of the old company; and no resolution could remove the assets out of the control of its liquidators.

Mr. Lang argued that the present application was contrary to the spirit of section 175 of the Act. A company in voluntary liquidation could assign its business and property to another company; but in this case, if it could be wound up, it must pay its debts. The arrangement proposed by the petitioners was not feasible, for it was difficult to ascertain how much should be set apart.

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Mr. Mehta supported the arguments against the petition. Under section 175, the company was given a year within which it was to pay its debts: and as they were not paid, the resolutions were invalidated.

Mr. Inverarity, in a lengthy argument, submitted that the resolution to wind up was illusory as well as fraudulent, because the company had at the time no funds to pay its creditors and dissenting shareholders. The resolution to wind up was confirmed at 3 o'clock, and at 4 o'clock one set of liquidators walked out, and the other set walked in. The amount of remuneration proposed to be paid to the liquidators, Rs. 500, showed that the winding-up was treated as a trumpery affair, and it was not so in the proper sense. The learned counsel therefore asked that the resolutions should not be sanctioned unless on terms that the creditors were secured.

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His Lordship took time to consider his decision.

THE GUNESH KHIND MURDER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT).

POONA, APRIL 15.

THIS case was tried by Mr. Phillpotts, the Acting Sessions Judge, a few days ago. The prisoner, Narayan bin Vittoo, is a young man of 22, of the Sonar caste, and a dentist by occupation. It would appear that the child, who is alleged to have been murdered by the prisoner, was 4 years of age. It was on a Sunday that his father left the little Narayan with his mother playing, when he had a pair of silver anklets and a kargota, and 4 toe rings. He was missed about 8 o'clock in the morning, and a search was made all over, but without success, when the parents gave information to the police. The following day the body of the little fellow was found floating in a new built well below the temple of Gunesh Khind, minus his ornaments. The father of the murdered child, Suddoba Krishnajee, in his examination in chief, said "the prisoner lives close to me, but we do not speak." The evidence of a village watchman, named Gunnoo Topsjee, is important. He said he was the watchman of the village of Bhambhorda, and that on a Sunday afternoon he saw the prisoner going along the road towards Gunesh Khind, with the child resting on his hip. The child began to cry, and he asked the prisoner why the child was crying; the prisoner replied the child's parents have gone ahead and we are going to Gunesh Khind. The next day this witness saw the body of the child in the well and took it out. The evidence of Govind Venkutesh, a Brahmin shroff, is still more important. He said the prisoner brought him the anklets produced in court, and recognized them as those of the mother of the murdered boy and I bought them for Rs. 4. I had not heard of the loss of the child. My house was searched and the police questioned me about the anklets. I pointed out the accused who sold them to me. The evidence of this witness was materially corroborated by several others. The evidence of ten witnesses for the prosecution threw strong suspicion on the prisoner, inasmuch as he did not or would not explain how he came in possession of some of the ornaments which the little boy had on his person before he was missed. Mr. Phillpotts' examination of the prisoner was as follows:—

Do you know Suddoba Krishnajee? Yes, I do.

Did you hear of the disappearance of the child? Yes, I did.

Where did you hear of this? On Sunday it was heard in the whole street.

Did you ever sell any ornaments? I have no food to eat so I did not sell any of my own, or of the child's.

When were you arrested? My house was searched, and the next day I attended as I was told, and then I was imprisoned.

The child was missing on Sunday, when were you arrested? I do not remember the day, it was two or three days after.

Did you go along the Chattoor Singjee (Gunesh Khind) Road? I never went there, as I have no business there.

Do you know Sale? I was a servant to her family, but I am not her servant now, so I do not recognise her.

Had you any dispute with her? I had a dispute with her, but she has gone to live far off so I have no dispute with her now.

Where were you on that Sunday? At Bapoo Sonar's, near Vitol Dewse, in Atewar Peth.

Were you employed there? In making tooth frames. I had gone to fix his jaw tooth.

Were you there all the day? I went there at 2 or 3 o'clock and stopped two hours, and when I came back the cry of the missing child was going on. The head constable and the complainant pointed me out to the ramoshi.

Mr. Babajee Gokla, pleader, who defended the prisoner, dwelt chiefly on the following points:—(1.) That there was no evidence to show that the murdered child was dead; (2), that the village watchman's evidence was not to be believed, and remains uncorroborated; (3) that the ornaments were not proved to be deceased's; and (4), that the prisoner had been convicted on circumstantial evidence, depends upon his evidence entirely. The Sessions Judge, Mr. Phillpotts, summed up, and the jury, after a short time, returned a verdict of guilty. The Court sentenced the prisoner, Narayan bin Vittoo Sonar, to transportation for life. The evidence being entirely circumstantial, the court did not pass a capital sentence.

DARING ROBBERY BY TWO SORTERS OF THE POSTAL DEPARTMENT.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

SHOLAPUR, APRIL 17.

DR. A. G. FRAZER, the Railway Magistrate, was here the other day, and disposed of one of the most glaring cases of dishonesty on the part of natives in Government employ that ever came before a criminal court. I consider this case to be one of great public importance, and will therefore give you full particulars. In this case, Succaram Krishna and Gopal Pandurung, in the employ of Government in the Postal Department as sorters in the correspondence branch, Sholapur mofussil, were charged with stealing, breaking open, and wilfully secreting a letter sent by post. At the conclusion of the proceedings Dr. Frazer remarked that as the accused travel and work together in the mail carriage, and no one but their superiors has access to the mail bags, and carriage in which they are on duty, it is impossible that any third person should have witnessed the theft by them of a letter in transit so as to give direct evidence of the theft. The evidence, therefore, in this case can only be considered admissible under section XI (2) Illustration (b) of the Indian Evidence Act. A Marwari shroff of Bombay sent a letter to the post in Bombay on the 4th ultimo, addressed to Sadasookh Jankidas at Hyderabad, enclosing 4 hundis for Rs. 2,500 each, amounting in all to Rs. 10,000. The servant of the shroff who has been 35 years in his master's service put this letter into the postal letter receiving box of the G. I. P. R. at Bori Bandar, but the sowkar at Hyderabad in whose favour the hundis were drawn, never received the

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.
8, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF JEWELLERY on account and at the risk of ROMANJEE CURSETJEE BHANDOOWALLA, particulars will be advertised in a day or two.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 21st April 1879.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF DAMAGED MAURITIUS SUGAR.
On MONDAY, the 21st instant, at 2 P.M., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the Carnac Bunder.

Ex "Olive Branch."
HHT—50 bags damaged Mauritius sugar.

AUCTION SALE of VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY near the Matunga Road Station, of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company.

On SATURDAY, the 26th inst., at 4 P.M., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, on account and at the risk of the mortgagee, Edaljee Shapoorjee Mody, and by order of the mortgagor Saj Oojum, widow of late Comal Heerabhoy, the following landed property :—

All that piece of leasehold land or ground, together with the messuages or dwelling-houses built thereon, in four compartments, situate on the south side of a private street, in the district called Sonapore, in the sub-district of Bhoiwaher, measuring about 60 ft. in length and 60 feet in breadth, and assessed under Nos 103 and 104 and bounded on the north by a sweeper's passage, on the east and west by vacant ground of Dyramjee Jeejeebhoy, Esq., C. S. I., and on the south by a private road leading from Marine Lines to Queen's Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

PUBLIC SALE.
IMPORTANT TO COTTON MANUFACTURERS AND OTHERS.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. have been favored with instructions to sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 24th instant, at Colaba, where the goods are lying, if not previously disposed of by private sale, a most valuable lot of cotton spinning and preparing machinery and a full complement of stores, all just arrived from England.

Three pairs of mules, Maker Asa Lees, dated 1877, of 300 spindles, side ⅞ gauge, 17in. spindles, with all the latest improved motions : total spindles 5,040 ; can be cut to suit any factory. The maker, Asa Lees, of Oldham, took the First Prize Gold Medal at the Paris Exhibition of 1878, for the same description of mules.

One or more Roving Frames of 152 spindles, each 7in. lift., Gothic flyers 1877.

Two Intermediate Frames, total spindles, 600, dated 1877.

Fifteen Carding Engines, 60 over the wire, 45 in. cylinder, maker Parr Curtis.

One finishing slubbing machine for 60 in. cards, by Parr Curtis.

One grinding machine with fan and two rollers, 130 gross, of new skewers and tube.

10,000 feet Indiarubber card fillets.

200 silver cans.

One shimsay, 64 feet high, of ⅝ iron.

A quantity of belting yarn beater, wrapreal mill scroll, twist banding, shafting drums, pulleys and other surplus stores.

The machinery is in course of erections at Colaba.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, or to Messrs. James Scott and Co. Sassoon Buildings, Apollo Street, Bombay.

On THURSDAY, the 24th instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of gray and colored piece goods twist, &c., &c.

16 bales grey dhooties.
3 ,, grey shirtings.
2 cases colored prints.

On account and at the risk of Messrs. Muncherjee Shapoorjee and Co.

136 Pieces of silk Gujee.

On account and at the risk of the first purchaser Borah Abdoolreyum Surrelliya.

The remaining 7 cases of provision by John Moir and Sons.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 17th April 1879.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON WASTE, MULE, SWEEPING, GUNNYTHARDANS, &c., &c.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 21st inst., at 1 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Mandvie Spinning Weaving and Press Company, Limited, at Waree Bunder, by order of the Official Liquidator appointed by the High Court, the following, viz.—

Large quantity of Fly Cotton, Cylinder and Doffer stripping Cotton, Clean dropping Cotton, uncleaned dropping & Fly Cotton, Mule Sweeping Gunny (Bardan) &c.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT SECOND DON TOD ROW.

On FRIDAY, the 25th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the Official Assignee, High Court ; and with the consent of the mortgagee, and in Re Khoja Mahomedbhoy Nanjee, an insolvent, the following :—

All that piece or parcel of land or fasendari ground, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Island of Bombay, fronting on the northern side of second Don Tod Row, or Chuitree Sarang Lane, in the subdistrict of Mandvie, assessed by the Municipal Commissioner under No. 82, containing by admeasurement about 37 and five-ninth square yards, and bounded on the east by the house of Goolam Hossain, on the west by the houses of Hajianee Marumbai, on the north by the Durga, of Peer Mahomed Saw of Khoja community, and on the south by the public passage or second Don Tod Row.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Official Assignee, High Court, or to the undersigned.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY WITH BATTY GROUND AT MAHIM DADUR.

On SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 4 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the Official Assignee, High Court, and in re Khatoee Abba Hajee Jacob, an insolvent, the following :—

All those pieces or parcels of New Batty ground, with the messuage, tenement, or Chawl and Garden, standing thereon, situate, lying, and being at Breach Candy, or Mahim, Dadur, without the Fort of Bombay, in the subdistrict of Mahim, containing by admeasurement about 14,494 square yards, and bounded on the north by the batty ground of the said Khatoee Abba Hajee Jacob, on the south by the batty ground of Domingo de Sousa, Manuel Gill and Ayones Maria Fereira, on the west by the property of Pandurung Hagobe, and on the east by the P. B. and G. I. Railway Road, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 2.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Official Assignee, High Court, or to the undersigned at No. 6 Forbes and Meadow Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF YARN, COTTON WASTE, &c., &c.

On SATURDAY, the 3rd May at 1 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Albert Manufacturing Mills, at Parell, by order of the Official Liquidator, appointed by the High Court, the following, viz :—

A large collection of yarns of different numbers, cotton waste of all sorts, &c., &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 21st April 1879. Auctioneers.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.

J. J. CORDES & Co.,

The Patentees and Sole Manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails, commonly known as

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

Desire to make it known that a "STAR" or "CROSS" to their Trade Mark, and that all Nails made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every Package sent from their Works is also placed a card bearing their Name and Address.

Any Nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above, must not be confounded with

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

the quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superior to that of any other make.

DOG WORKS :—NEWPORT, MONMOUTHSHIRE, ENGLAND.

CONVALESCENT HOME.

MISS PIERREPONT,
MOUNT PLEASANT, COONOOR, NILGIRI HILLS.

TERMS BY MONTH FOR RESIDENCE AND BOARD, EXCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.
One Lady Rs. 250 to Rs. 300.
Children according to Age.

References permitted to

THE LADY MARY GRENVILLE.

LADY CHAMBERLAIN.
MISS GELL.
MRS. CARMICHAEL.
MRS. TENNANT.
VERY REV. J. GOLDIE.
REV. C. H. DEANE.
DR. MORRIS.
DR. ANDREWS.
DR. NANNEY.
DR. RATTON.
H. S. SIR N. CHAMBERLAIN.
LORD BISHOP OF MADRAS.
HON'BLE D. F. CARMICHAEL.
VEN'BLE ARCHDEACON DRURY
REV. H. PIGOT JAMES.
REV. HENRY POPE.
DR. FOX.
DR. BOCKMAN.
DR. KESS.
H. J. TARRANT, Esq.

INTRODUCTION REQUIRED.

HOCKIN'S
IMPROVED SEIDLITZ POWDER.

FOR IMMEDIATELY PRODUCING SEIDLITZ WATER WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST TROUBLE.

Is prepared from a correct analysis of the celebrated German Spring, the value of which for so many years has been fully recognised by the Medical Profession. From the combination of Saline Salts and Carbonic Acid, action upon the Digestive and Renal Organs is at once effected.

AS A SALINE APERIENT,

It is especially recommended in all cases of

Biliousness, Indigestion, Sickness, Headaches, and other AILMENTS which are generally so prevalent in tropical climates. It is cooling, refreshing, and invigorating, and in cases of FEVERS will be found a most convenient and salutary obrifuge. It has stood the test of

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE,

and those who have once taken it continue its use, from confidence in its medicinal qualities. As all the ingredients are in one bottle, it will be found most

CONVENIENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

Manufactured only by HOCKIN, WILSON & CO., 38, Duke Street, Manchester Square, London.
Wholesale Agents :
BOMBAY : Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Limited.
CALCUTTA : Messrs. SMITH, STANISTREET & Co.

THACKER & Co., LIMITED.

SURVEYING AND MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS & MATERIALS.

Theodolites.
Dumpy Levels.
Levelling Staves.
Prismatics Compasses.
Pocket Sextants.
Optical Squares.
Clinometers.
Spirit Levels.
Pocket Levels.
Pantographs.
Cases of Instruments.
Pocket Sets.
Half Sets.
Spare Instruments.
Field Books.
Level Books.
Site Books.
Mapping Pens.
Indian Ink.
Sandrines.
Plotting Scales.
Architects' Scales.
Marquois Scales.
Protractors (all kinds).
Pocket Rules.
Parallel Rulers (all kinds).
Measuring Tapes.
Do. Chains.
T. Squares.
Set Squares.
Straight Edges.
Railway Curves.
French Curves.
Drawing Boards.
Stencil Plates.
Mounted Drawing Papers.
Cartoon Papers.
Tracing Cloth.
Tracing Paper.
Sectional Paper.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Dry Water Colours.
Moist do. in pans.
Slow drying do. in tubes.
Oil Colours in tubes.
Dry Water Colour Boxes.
Moist ditto.
Oil Colour Boxes.
Illuminating Colour Boxes.
Camel Hair Pencils.
Siberian do.
Sable do.
Hog Hair Tools for Oils.
Sable ditto.
Varnishes, Oils, &c.
Drawing Papers.
Oil Sketching Paper.
Prepared Canvas.
Do. Millboards.
Mahl Sticks.
Palettes, Slabs, &c.
Palette Knives.
Dippers, &c.
Bristol Boards.
Mounting Boards.
Drawing Pencils.
Crayons.
Gold and Silver Shells.
Gold Leaf.

Sundries.

THACKER AND CO., LIMITED,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE,
PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£800,000

LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
London Office, 32, Threadneedle Street, E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

F. VOUILLON, Acting Manager.
1, Rampart Row, W.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED.)
CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£1,50,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected ; and every other prescription of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

Bombay, 10th April 1875.

HOTELS.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL AND PINTO'S HOTEL, MATHERAN.

MR. J. C. PINTO, the Proprietor of the both Hotels, begs to inform the Public that the above Hotels are now open to VISITORS. There are seven separate Bungalows attached to the Hotels well adapted for Families, for whose comfort every care is taken. The Hotels are well situated, occupy a central position and are therefore very conveniently placed within the reach of several POINTS. They are also nearest to the Station and in a breezy locality under the shade of large trees, which diminish the glare and keep the extensive compound always fresh and cool making it ESPECIALLY AGREEABLE in the HOT SEASON. Mr. Pinto undertakes to look after Rungal ows on the Hill at a charge of Rs. 30 per annum.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

McEWAN'S BEER.

THE NEW BREW is now being received ; it is of excellent quality and is highly recommended.

PRICES FOR CASH.

Quarts	....Rs. 4	12 per doz. in Casks of 4 doz.	
Pints	,, 2	0 ,,	7 doz.
Hogsheads	,, 60	0 per hhd.	
Kilderkins	,, 30	0 per kild.	

Apply to

WALLACE & Co.,
Sole Agents.
Parsee Bazaar Street, Bombay.

SCHNAPPS.

ANTI-DYSPEPTIC CORDIAL, ANTI-RHEUMATIC.

THE enormous sale of HENKE'S AROMATIC SCHNAPPS in the Colonies, and the excellence of the Spirit as a medicinal agent, has induced us to secure the Right for its exclusive Sale in India, we advise the Public to acquaint themselves with the article. The Price, duty paid, is as follows :—

CASH Rs. 18-0. CREDIT Rs. 18-8 PER DOZEN.

CUTLER, PALMER AND Co.

THE undersigned have received a supply of CARLOWITZ, a Wine very highly spoken of by the faculty at home, and strongly recommended to Indian Residents. This Wine is in two qualities, at Rs. 16 and Rs. 18 per doz. qts. Net.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.
Old Club House,
Rampart Row, West, Bombay.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., FOR SALE at the Godowns of the Undersigned :—

* CLARETS :—FROM H. AND C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Franda	....Rs.	14 per doz. Qts.
do.	,,	15 per case of 2 doz. pints.
Los Canons	,,	18 per doz. Qts.
Do. do.	,,	20 per case of 2 doz. pints.
Chateau Leoville	,,	20 per doz. Qts.

* HOCKS :—FROM G. M. FABERMANN SOHN, MAYENCE.

Geisenheimer	,,	20 per doz. Qts.
Liebfraumilch	,,	24 ,,
Do.	,,	27 per case of 2 doz. pints.
Steinwein	,,	24 per doz. Qts.
Hochheimer	,,	30 ,,
Ruedesheimer	,,	32 ,,
Do.	,,	33 per case of 2 doz. pints.
Marcobrunner	,,	35 per doz. Qts.
Do.	,,	38 per case of 2 doz. pints.
Queen Victoria Berg	,,	38 per doz. Qts.

BEER :—

Norway Pale Ale	....Rs.	18 per case of 3 doz. Qts.
IND COOPE & Co.'s PALE ALE	,,	20 per Cask of 4 doz. qts.
Do. Do.	,,	24 ,, 8 doz. pts.

Just landed ex Steamer Manilla, a fresh consignment of KREUZNACHER EXPORT BEER at Rs. 6-12 annas per dozen quarts, net Cash.

* CHAMPAGNE :—

Eugène Oliequot's Carte Blanche	....Rs.	40 per doz. qts.
Do. do.	,,	42 per case of 2 doz. pints.
Heidsieck & Co.'s *Dry Monopole*	....Rs.	56 per doz. Qts.
,, ,,	,,	58 per case of 2 doz. pints.
F. Giesler & Co.'s *Champagne*.	Rs.	55 per case of 2 per doz. Qts.

* BRANDY :—

Fromy and Rogéo's *** Cognac	....Rs.	30 per doz. Qts.
Boulestin & Co.'s *	,,	20 ,,

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS.

Pears, Peaches, Plums, Cherries, Apples, Apricots, Grapes, Rs. 12 per dozen tins.

CALIFORNIAN JELLIES.

Currants, Blackberry, Quince, Strawberry, Plums, Raspberry, Rs. 12½ per doz. tins.

CALIFORNIAN ASPARAGUS.

Rs. 12½ per dozen tins.

SPECIAL TERMS TO REGIMENTAL MESSES, CLUBS, &c.

Outstation Orders must be accompanied by cash or reference for payment in Bombay.

Those marked with an asterisk * carry a discount of 10 per cent. if cash accompanies the order.

VOLKART BROTHERS.
Rampart Row, Fort.

ROGERS & CO.,
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS.

GINGER ALE.

ACCORDING TO THE BELFAST FORMULA.

THIS most delicious aerated beverage has been only lately introduced into Bombay, and ROGERS & Co.'s will challenge comparison with any for its brilliancy and refreshingly exhilirative qualities. As with all our other aerated waters the greatest care is taken in all parts of its manufacture, pure water and pure chemicals being great essentials. No lead piping of any description is used in connection with any part of our machines, and the use of steam power enables us to bottle at an invariably equal and sufficient pressure. Price Rs. 1-8 per dozen.

EDINBURGH WHISKEY.

We have now on hand a consignment of Maclean's celebrated Edinburgh Whiskey at Rs. 23 per dozen, acknowledged by all Connoisseurs to be the finest Whiskey in Bombay.

EXTRACTS OF BEEF AND MUTTON.

Prepared by ourselves from the very best meat to be obtained, and fresh stock being constantly made, we can confidently recommend these to invalids as the purest and best to be had. Far superior to any imported.

FLUID EXTRACT OF DANDELION
AND
DANDELION TONIC.

These valuable medicines are constantly recommended by the Faculty in all cases of biliousness or disposition to Liver Complaint. We manufacture these in large quantities and have constantly fresh stock in hand. Price Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 per bottle.

FLUID EXTRACT OF BAEL FRUIT
AND
BAEL FRUIT PRESERVE,

So constantly recommended in cases of Diarrhœa and Dysentery, are also manufactured by us, and can be obtained fresh at any time at Re. 1 per bottle or pot.

INDIAN CONDIMENTS.

We prepare Cashmere, Lucknow and Colonel Skinner's Chutnies, Curry Powder, Balchow, Tapp's Sauce, &c.

BUMMALOES OR BOMBAY DUCKS.

We prepare these, ready for cooking, in large quantities and put them up in tins. They will keep for any length of time, and no curry is complete without them. Very suitable for presents to Indian friends at home. Price Re. 1 per tin.

SIZING COMPOSITION.

We supply many Mills with. Price Rs. 14 per cwt.

BOILER COMPOSITION.

For preventing the incrustation of Boiler. Rs. 28 per cwt.

MANURES.

Superphosphate and Universal Manures. Price Rs. 10 and Rs. 6 per cwt.

ROGERS & CO.,
AGENTS FOR SEVERAL REGIMENTAL MESSES, AS ALSO FORWARDING AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
FORBES STREET, FORT, AND BYCULLA BOMBAY.

MR. JERAMDASS KULOOMUL begs to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Bombay and of the Mofussil, that he has OPENED a SHOP in No. 3, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, and has always ready on hand EMBROIDERED WORKS of Sind, Okhia, Moollan, Madras, Cashmere, and Delhi—such as Shawls, Cloaks, Handkerchiefs, Cushions, Dress, Silk of all kinds, &c., &c., and also Silver and Gold Delhi, Trichinopoly, Cashmere, and Bombay Jewellery, Diamond Rings, Moollan and Eran Carpets, and Bombay and Surat Work Boxes, Mooredabad and Benares Vessels, &c., &c.

All the above articles are warranted to be of the best Manufacture and are especially made for presents to friends in Europe.

N.B.—Orders from Out stations will be promptly carried out in moderate Terms.

JOHN & HENRY GWYNNE,

ENGINEERS,
89, CANNON STREET, E.C., HAMMERSMITH IRON WORKS, W., LONDON,
MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
MACHINERY FOR RAISING WATER.

PUMPS for DRAINAGE.
PUMPS for IRRIGATION.
PUMPS for RECLAMATION.
PUMPS for EMPTYING DOCKS.
PUMPS for CIRCULATING WATER IN SURFACE CONDENSERS.
PUMPS for RAISING SUNKEN SHIPS
PUMPS for USE ON BOARD SHIPS.
PUMPS for MINES.
PUMPS for CONTRACTORS.
PUMPS for MANUFACTURERS.
PUMPS for HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

HYDRAULIC RAMS, WATER WHEELS, &c., &c,
FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

HAMILTON AND CO.,

JEWELLERS
TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

GOLD STUDS AND SLEEVE LINKS.

Sets of three Studs, Collar Button, and Sleeve Links, or Solitaires, **in plain dead Gold**, *are very fashionable and much worn just now.*

Price the set, Rs. 52, or Studs Rs. 18 ; Sleeve Links or Solitaires, Rs. 28 ; Collar Button, Rs. 9 ; 18 carat Gold.

Horse Shoe Sets. Rs. 62.

Lapped and Engraved Sets. Rs. 68.

Engraved Sets. from Rs. 40.

Engraved and Enamelled Sets. from Rs. 45.

Onyx or Sardonyx Sets. from Rs. 60.

COMPLETE DRESS SETS.

All Gold, "Knot" Pattern, 5 Vest Buttons, 3 Shirt Studs, and Collar Button, with Sleeve Links, Rs. 95.

DRESS VEST BUTTONS IN SETS OF 5 & 6.

Pearl Centre and Enamelled, Rs. 115.
Turquoise Pave, Rs. 95. Enamelled Strap and Buckle, Rs. 110. Coral, Rs. 65. All Gold, Rs. 63. Onyx, Rs. 44 & 70.
White Cornelian, Rs. 40 and 45. Malachite, Rs. 26.

COLLAR BUTTONS.

Plain Engraved or Set with Stones, from Rs. 9 to 25.
Set with fine ,, to 200.

STUDS.

as ety—plain Gold, Engraved, or Set with Stones, from Rs. 12 to 100.

17th April 1879. Rampart Row.

NOTICE.

WINES AND SPIRITS IN WOOD.
INCLUDING DUTY AND TOWN DUTY.

PACKED in Wickered Jars containing one gallon, two gallons, and four gallons.

These Jars are light, clean, safe, require no packing, and are economical. The charge is Rs. 2 for one gallon, Rs. 3 for two gallons, and Rs. 4 for four gallons. Wood Taps, Re. 1-8 each. Plated Taps, Rs. 4 each.

Also in Casks containing 8 gallons, 12 gallons, 20 gallons, and 60 gallons.

A great saving is effected in purchasing Wines and Spirits in Wood, and there is no loss of Breakage.

COGNACS.

	Per Imperial Gall. Cash. Rs.	a.	Credit. Rs.	a.
* Star, a capital peg Brandy	10	0	10	4
** Stars, a pale pleasant spirit, delicate flavour	10	12	11	0
*** Stars, fine old Cognac, soft pale, mellow flavour and strongly recommended for general consumption	12	8	13	0
**** Stars, very superior old pale, of great age and delicate flavour	14	8	15	0

SHERRIES.

MANZANILLA.—This natural Sherry is very pale, dry, and has a good aroma.

	Cash. Rs.	a.	Credit. Rs.	a.
Per Im. Gall.	8	9	9	0
,, Qtr. Cask of about 27 Im. Galls.	216	0	236	0

VINO DE PASTO.—An excellent pale and very dry luncheon wine

Per Im. Gall	7	10	8	0
,, Qtr. Cask of about 27 Im. Galls.	180	4	195	0

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

GRIFFITHS' PATENT WHITE
OR
OXY-SULPHIDE OF ZINC PAINT.

MANUFACTURED BY
GRIFFITHS, FLETCHER, & BERDOE,
SEEL STREET, LIVERPOOL,

Covers 100 per cent. more than Oxide Zinc.
Covers 25 per cent. more than White Lead.
It retains its Whiteness under all conditions.
A Red Heat will not destroy it.
Will never Blister.
Is Non-poisonous—Has no Smell.
Has no Chemical Action upon Metals.

The Patent Zinc White, or substitute for Lead, invented and patented by Mr. Thomas Griffiths, of Oxton, Liverpool, received the highest possible praise at the Meetings of "The Society of Arts and Manufactures," London, and "The Social Science Congress."

THE Manufacture of "GRIFFITHS' PATENT WHITE," formed the subject of a lecture at the Society of Arts in the Spring of 1877, and has been reported upon by the leading scientific Chemists, Paint Merchants, Decorators, &c., &c. ; was brought before the Internationa; Congress of Hygiene, at Paris, in August 1878, by Professor Lutschaunig and Dr. Phipson ; and in the same month before the British Association, in Dublin ; in October, a paper was read upon it at the Social Science Congress in Cheltenham, by Dr. Bartlett ; and it was the subject of a paper read during the session of 1878 of the Paris Academy of Science. At the Paris International Exhibition, 1878, the highest distinction which was conferred upon paints, viz. : The only Silver Medal, was awarded to it, and at the Sanitary Institute of Great Britain it obtained the Prize Medal. It has been most favourably reported on in the "Lancet," "Engineering," "Engineer," "Builder," "Architect," "Chemical News," "Sanitary Record," "Society of Arts Journal," "Scientific American," "Journal of Chemical Society," "Moniteur," "L'Exposition de Paris," "Lloyd's Official List," "New York Tribune," "New York Times," "Comptes-Rendus," of the French Academy of Science, &c., &c. Copies of any of the above reports can be had on application ; also samples for trial.

So great has been the demand for it since its introduction, that the proprietors, who were producing about 25 TONS PER WEEK in Liverpool, have been compelled to purchase Extensive Works in London, where they can manufacture about 50 TONS EXTRA PER WEEK. They have also had to secure sufficient room to increase the production to 200 tons weekly, making them the largest producers of White Pigment in Europe.

WHITE LEAD possesses only one good property, viz., "covering power," it is poisonous, soon loses its opacity, and turns yellow with Sewer and other Gases, and prejudicially affects Iron and other metals.

OXIDE ZINC has scarcely half the covering power of lead, but it is whiter and retains its colour.

GRIFFITHS' PATENT ZINC WHITE has all the *good* properties of both the above without any of their drawbacks, viz., it has far more body than Lead, has double that of Oxide Zinc, has the same whiteness, will never change colour even in sulphuretted hydrogen (which destroys lead) and does not lose its opacity by age. It is calcined at a red heat in its manufacture, hence is almost indestructible, and, of course, will stand any variation of climate. Its durability is such that it is admirably adapted for protecting Iron, Wooden or Cement Structures in any exposed situations, from the effects of the weather.

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